

Bulgaria's Surrender
Gives You a Chance to Help
Win the End of the War by
Buying More Liberty Bonds.

BERLIN ACTS TO BALK RUIN

HAND TO HAND FIGHTING PUTS YANKS AHEAD

Americans Go Into Hindenburg Line to Slay Foes.

BULLETIN.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—American troops have maintained and consolidated their newly captured positions from the Meuse to the Aisne in the face of counter attacks and heavy artillery bombardment, Gen. Pershing reported tonight.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE ST. QUENTIN SECTOR, Sept. 30, 4:30 p. m.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Americans on this front have been engaged in heavy fighting throughout the day.

There was much hand to hand fighting, and large numbers of Germans have been killed by grenades and bombs dropped in their deep dugouts of the Hindenburg system.

Left in Dugouts.

The Americans found it necessary to clear up portions of the Hindenburg line through which they smashed their way. They moved so quickly in their operation of yesterday that many Germans were left in the dugouts, and of these proved a serious menace.

During the night the British attacked on the American's flank towards Vendhuile, to protect it, and its operation was entirely successful.

The weather today has been bad for all operations; the troops fought in rain, with a cold wind blowing.

Fighting in Day.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sept. 30.—(By the Associated Press.)—Fighting was resumed early this morning by Pershing's troops after a fairly quiet night.

Reports from every section of front indicate that the Germans intend to continue making a stand along the present line instead of going back to the Kriemhilde line, although they, today, are making feverish efforts to strengthen that position.

Sends in Reserves.

To hold his present positions the enemy is bringing up reserves. The activity behind the German lines is observed, trains and wagons bringing up reserves and supplies simultaneously. The enemy is holding the American back heavily, especially the roads leading to Monfaucon, along the rear of the sector.

To the right of the Americans, under the enemy concentration, heavy and light artillery also threw in shock troops.

After only four days of rest German divisions returned to the line Sunday, either for the purpose of counter attacking or supporting those already there. Observers have noted strong bodies of German infantry moving forward.

GERMAN counter attacks against the advancing Americans

continued on page 4, column 1.

Reforms Are Conceded by Germany

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—The three majority parties in the reichstag at a meeting on Saturday arrived at an agreement looking to the formation of a parliamentary government with a responsible ministry, according to Berlin advices. This is to be accomplished in part by the abolition of article 9 of the constitution. Autonomy will be granted to Alsace-Lorraine.

LONDON, Oct. 1, 5 a. m.—Friedrich von Payer, German imperial vice chancellor, has resigned, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News.

ALLOWS HERTLING TO QUIT.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—Chancellor von Hertling and Foreign Secretary von Hintze have tendered their resignations to the emperor, the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin says it understands.

Emperor William has addressed the following to Count von Hertling:

"Your excellency has reported to me that you no longer find yourself in a position to remain at the head of the government. I will not hide from myself your reasons and must with heavy heart deny myself your further cooperation.

Hints at Reforms.

"You are certain of the thanks of the fatherland for the sacrifice you made in undertaking the chancellor's office in grave times and for the services you rendered. I desire that the German people shall cooperate more effectively than hitherto in deciding the fate of the fatherland.

"It is, therefore, my will that the men who have been born up to the people's trust shall, in a wide extent, co-operate in the rights and duties of government. I beg of you to continue to conduct the government's business and prepare the way for measures desired by me until I have found a successor for you."

GREEK BANKER SHOT TO DEATH ON NORTH SIDE

Nicolas Kyriopoulos, cashier of the Atlas Exchange National bank at Blue Island avenue and Halsted street, was shot and killed last night in front of a restaurant at 111 West North avenue.

Peter Deneropoulos, part owner of the restaurant, did the shooting. He claims Kyriopoulos and his own partner conspired to defraud him of about \$20,000. Deneropoulos and his partner, Peter Milliopoulos, own five restaurants throughout the state.

After an argument in the luncheon, Deneropoulos followed the banker outside and fired five shots into his body. Detective Conrad Ottenger, who handles on the corner, saw the shooting.

Deneropoulos started up an alarm and refused to halt at the policeman's order, whereupon Ottenger shot him through the left arm.

The banker was dead before the police could get him to Henrotin hospital. He was 23 years old and lived at 550 Surf street. Deneropoulos is held at East Chicago police station.

King Alfonso III with the Spanish Influenza

MADRID, Sept. 30.—There has been a considerable increase in the number of cases of influenza here. King Alfonso is ill, but only slightly so. He has some fever and also is suffering from throat trouble.

The British also have taken the village and canal tunnel mouth at Le Tronquoy and gained more ground east of Nauroy.

After hard fighting the British have established themselves along the Rumilly-Cambrai road.

Earlier Losses Rewon.

The German opposition resulted in some losses of ground early today, but apparently this has been won. On the front northwest of Le Catelet German counter attacks pressed the British back to the outskirts of Villers-Guislain, while to the southwest of Le Catelet similar pressure sent Field Marshal Haig's troops back to the edge of the village of Bony.

Villers-Guislain has been recaptured.

BRITISH CRUSH GERMAN LINES; BELGIANS WIN

St. Quentin Flanked; More Towns Taken by the Allies.

BULLETIN.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—There are growing indications that German armies are preparing to make a retirement from northern France. One reason for the belief is the speed of the German retreat before the Belgian-British forces in the Ypres district. The chief remaining reason for holding on in Belgium is the control of the submarine bases—Zeebrugge and Ostend.

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—(Via London.)—The German official communication this evening admits withdrawals in Flanders by the Germans east of Dixmude and other places in Belgian Flanders, including the Wytschaete salient.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Fresh victories were won by the allies on the sector between Cambrai and St. Quentin and in Flanders today.

Between Cambrai and St. Quentin the British smashed into the Hindenburg line on a front of eight miles to a depth of three miles.

Thirigny, Le Tronquoy, and Gonnelieu were captured. Fighting is going on in Cambrai. St. Quentin is being flanked. The British are little over a mile from the center of St. Quentin.

New Gains in Flanders.

In Flanders the British and Belgian armies have advanced for an average depth of five miles and a maximum depth of eight miles.

A dispatch from the battle front says Roulers, thirteen miles northeast of Ypres, has been captured by the Belgians.

The loss of this town is a severe blow to the enemy, as it is the center of communications not only with the German armies in Flanders but with the German submarine bases on the coast.

British troops have captured Gheluwe and are now about two miles outside of the Belgian railroad junction of Menin.

Win in Desperate Fight.

The British success on the Cambrai-St. Quentin front was won only after the hardest fighting. The British First division fought their way up the high ground about Thirigny.

The British also have taken the village and canal tunnel mouth at Le Tronquoy and gained more ground east of Nauroy.

After hard fighting the British have established themselves along the Rumilly-Cambrai road.

Total Losses Rewon.

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The Chicago Advertising Score

In the week ending Sept. 29th, The Chicago Tribune published the following number of columns of advertising: (The measurement is on the basis of 1,000 words per column. Figures from the Washington Press, an independent auditor.)

Morning and Sunday Papers

The Tribune..... 1,000-10,000 cols.
Herald and Examiner..... 5,000-10,000 cols.

Total, 2 morning and Sunday papers..... 1,024,333 cols.

Evening Papers

The Daily News..... 655,622 cols.

The Journal..... 333,711 cols.

The American..... 264,770 cols.

The Post..... 263,151 cols.

Total, 4 evening papers..... 1,877,24 cols.

Advertising space printed in other papers not accepted by The Tribune, 27,000 columns.

The Tribune led for the week, printing 28% more advertising than the first evening paper, and more than the second, third and fourth evening papers combined.

(Continued on page 4, column 1.)



SAYS AUSTRIA WAS BEHIND SURRENDER OF BULGARIA

BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

LONDON, Oct. 1, 3 a. m.—The Daily News says: "The re-emergence of Roumania only in guerrilla warfare may confidently be anticipated, and it can hardly be doubted that Austria is privy to the Bulgarian surrender. In any case that country is so eager for peace on any terms that it may be expected to welcome the impetus which Bulgaria has given to the movement which so long has been engineered from Vienna."

The Daily News says there is reason to believe King Ferdinand has been the chief agent in securing the armistice and it finds significance in the fact that both the king of Saxony and the king of Bavaria recently have been in Sofia and that Ferdinand himself is now in Vienna.

"These circumstances," it says, "point to very formidable possibilities for Prussia. They suggest that the phase of the war that is now imminent may leave the Hohenzollern dynasty isolated with the lesser kings who have been its more or less unwilling feudatories combined against it in order to save themselves from the disaster that now seems unavoidable. That would be a fitting overtura to the final humiliation of despotism of Potsdam."

There has been a tendency in this direction ever since the death of Emperor Francis Joseph and the catastrophic happenings of the last two months have now brought it to the surface."

THE WEATHER.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1918.

Sunrise 6:47 a. m.; sunset 8:32 p. m. Moon 4:45 p. m.

Clouds Tuesday and Wednesday: partie-

ly cloudy.

Wind: 11-12 m. S. E. to S. W.

Temperature: 55° F. to 65° F.

Rain: 0.00-0.25 in.

Humidity: 65-75%.

Barometer: 30.00-30.05 in.

Clouds Thursday and Friday: partie-

ly cloudy.

Wind: 11-12 m. S. E. to S. W.

Temperature: 55° F. to 65° F.

Rain: 0.00-0.25 in.

Humidity: 65-75%.

Barometer: 30.00-30.05 in.

Clouds Saturday and Sunday: partie-

ly cloudy.

Wind: 11-12 m. S. E. to S. W.

Temperature: 55° F. to 65° F.

Rain: 0.00-0.25 in.

Humidity: 65-75%.

Barometer: 30.00-30.05 in.

Clouds Monday and Tuesday: partie-

ly cloudy.

Wind: 11-12 m. S. E. to S. W.

Temperature: 55° F. to 65° F.

Rain: 0.00-0.25 in.

Humidity: 65-75%.

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Wind: 11-12 m. S. E. to S. W.

Temperature: 55° F. to 65° F.

then the Berlin-Bagdad dream disappears."

Surprised by Quick Surrender.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—With the receipt of dispatches from Saloniki stating that Bulgaria's surrender to the allies was unconditional, strong belief prevailed here this afternoon that a peace offer from Turkey is imminent.

The armistice between the allies and Bulgaria last night was arranged on the allies' own terms.

Certain subsidiary conditions, the Central News says, were submitted by the Bulgarian government. These, however, conflicted in so way with the demands of the allied command, which demands the Bulgarians accept unconditional.

The prompt acceptance of the allies' terms by the Bulgarians was a surprise to the newspapers and to the public. The expectation had been that the Bulgarian envoys on general principles would advance terms of their own and endeavor to engage in debate for a time.

Germany May Force.

The brief and authoritative statements issued here indicated the allies had virtually issued an ultimatum to Bulgaria. Apparently they stood firm in their demands. The chief point of interest now is Germany's action.

Some reports from Germany state that she will try to keep Bulgaria in line by force, but her ability to do so is another question.

German Troops in Sofia.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—German troops arrived at Sofia Friday night, according to a Berlin telegram to the *Weser Zeitung* of Bremen, which says "they were received with great enthusiasm by the population."

Vienna newspapers received here announced the arrival of Austro-Hungarian troops at Sofia.

Field Marshal von Mackensen is also reported to have arrived at Sofia. He is said to be hurrying German divisions southward to help the Bulgarians and Americans working on defensive works at Nish.

U. S. CONSUL CALLED BACK.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Dormick Murphy, American consul general in Sofia, who accompanied the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries to Saloniki, where they arranged the armistice, has been ordered back to his post by the state department. No criticism of Mr. Murphy is made here, but it is made plain that he had no instructions to participate in the negotiations, and probably acted only as an observer.

IN WAR THREE YEARS.

1ST ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Bulgarian representatives agreed to an armistice—probably the first step in Bulgaria's withdrawal from the alliance with the central powers—a few days less than three years after she entered the war on the side of Germany. It was on Oct. 8, 1915, that Bulgaria issued a manifesto announcing her decision to cast her lot against the entente allies. She had been fifteen months in deciding her course.

In the manifesto issued at the time of her entrance into the ranks of the belligerents the Bulgarian government declared that her trade interests and economic rights "were inseparably bound up with Turkey, Germany, and Austria."

Anti-German Movement Spreads in Romania

PARIS, Sept. 30.—According to reports received here indirectly from German sources, the anti-German movement in Romania has extended from Moldavia into the occupied parts of Wallachia. The object of this movement is to renew the treaty between Romania and the entente and again to declare war against the central empires. The queen is reported to be the soul of this movement. The Germans report that the attitude of the king is outwardly reserved, but that he is only waiting a favorable moment to place himself at the head of this movement.

Anti-German movement

Spreads in Romania

in Wallachia.

Anti-German movement

FOE PAPERS SEE DEFEAT SPECTER; ONE ASKS PEACE

Mysteries of Alarm Reflected at Realization of Truth.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—[By the Associated Press.]—The German press is hysterically emphasizing that the need for cool heads never was greater than now. The possibility of beginning to dawn on the people that Germany may lose the war, and the sudden realization of this has had a bewildering effect on them. The Frankfurter Zeitung frankly begs for peace.

The Frankfurter Zeitung entirely approves as wholly appropriate to the occasion the sensational editorial printed in Voraerter last week, dealing with what would happen if an enemy should enter in invading the fatherland.

It Kept Truth From People.

It makes an assertion remarkable for this newspaper, saying:

"Our government throughout this terrible war has sedulously avoided naming at this, and the other possibility—namely, that the war may be lost if everybody and everything are not united in the utmost effort."

"The government has thus itself contributed to veiling the real gravity of our position during these four years of war," the newspaper continues. "It has preferred to lead the nation in blind past the abysses of danger to our national life."

Shades Over Bulgaria.

The Rheinisch-Westphalian Gazette continues to contemplate the Bulgarian situation. "The last and highest of wave," and expects that the Bulgarians, after having got the Dobruja region of Roumania, have no further desire for Germany.

The Frankfurter Zeitung expresses regret that the government failed to impress on friend and foe the "truth" that Germany did not go into the war out of lust for power. This newspaper fully admits that the Bulgarians are parties in fact to the war, and makes the Bulgarian people will stand with Premier Malinoff. Finally, the paper begs the government to make peace, "unequivocally and sincerely."

Revolts Need of Troops.

The Dusseldorf Neukirchener Zeitung says that if troops will have to be sent to Macedonia from the west front, "where they are so bitterly needed."

Its sister publication, the Essen Allgemeine Zeitung, speaks of "bad news coming thick and fast," and repeats its previous assertion that the Germans must be strong. Later on in its edition the Essen Journal falls into bits in abuse of "blasphemous Wilkes and his mob lynchers."

Call Ferdinand Loyal.

An outstanding feature of German comment on the Bulgarian proposals is an armistice that is virtually all its papers declare that King Ferdinand is absolutely exceptional. An editorial of the Lokal Anzeiger says:

"The attitude of King Ferdinand is absolutely exceptional. An before us, the world's eyes, the king of Bulgaria adheres to the alliance under all circumstances is confirmed by later reports from Sofia. It is quite clear that Malinoff's action, without doubt, is directed against his person."

This paper adds: "Certain rumors about Turkey's alleged resolve are quite baseless."

Capitalization of Austria?

An "occasional contributor" in the same paper says the capitalization of Bulgaria would involve the capitalization of Turkey and the reunion of the empire with Roumania and finally the acquisition of Austria-Hungary.

A member of parliament in an interview in the Lokal Anzeiger says that von Lukoff, chief of the Bulgarian staff, is influencing the army in favor of the empire.

ANOTHER 10,000 TURKS TUMBLE INTO BRITISH NET

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A Turkish force of 10,000 men have surrendered to the British in Palestine, according to an official announcement made this evening.

This report indicates that only 10,000 Turkish soldiers are still of military in Palestine, 60,000 having been captured by the British.

The text of the statement follows: "In Palestine during Sept. 29 the onward movement of our cavalry and armored cars from the Tiberias has continued.

"A large Turkish force, including elements composing the Turkish garrison on the Hedjaz railway between Amman and Maan, surrendered at this station.

This force is said to be composed of 10,000 men and to be part of the Second army corps of the fourth Turkish army."

Body of Turkish Bourgeois of Chicago Not Yet Found

Pensacola, Fla., Sept. 30.—[Special.]—The announcement that the body of Lieut. G. B. Bourgeois of Chicago had been recovered from a British hospital in Egypt, where he had an eye, last Friday, reached Bourgeois and two other survivors fell into the way with their dysentery and were discovered, but not that of the Chicago man.

Deposits made on or before October 5th % interest from October 1st.

Adams Street
Chicago's
longest Since 1857

Million Dollars

Some 10,000 Italian soldiers attacked British posts in the Gudarzana valley, west of Lake Garda, Saturday night. The Italian statement from the Italian press today says that the enemy was driven back across the Chiese River.

ROMA, Sept. 30.—Numerous Italian detachments attacked British posts in the Gudarzana valley, west of Lake Garda, Saturday night. The Italian statement from the Italian press today says that the enemy was driven back across the Chiese River.

A nutritious diet in Influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Adv.

CHICAGO'S "322 MEN"

Twenty-three of the Selectives Who Got First Chance to Join America's New Army Being Organized for Grand March on Berlin.



CHICAGO SERBS JOYFUL AT NEWS OF BULGAR FLOP

Loyal Balkan Colony Predicts Turkey's Fall.

The news of Bulgaria's surrender thrilled Chicago, but nowhere was the news received with such intense feeling as in districts where people who came from the Balkans or nearby reside.

The Serbs, particularly those deeply affected by the news, at a meeting at the Hotel La Salle of the Serbian National club was transformed into a celebration. But in their joy the Chicago Serbs realized the needs of the present and subscribed for \$30,000 worth of Liberty bonds.

"Bulgaria resists as she served," declared John R. Palmedore, president of the club and editor of the "Serbian and Balkan World." "She sold herself to Germany, because she thought she could gain most by fighting at the side of Prussia. In Serbia she duplicated the atrocities committed by Germany in Belgium. Now she sees her armies shattered, her populous suffering from famine and disease, and she must surrender unconditionally or tomorrow."

Profits Turkish Disaster.

Mr. Palmedore predicted disaster for Turkey and then Austria.

"Germany's dream of Mittel-Europa is now a dream of the summer night," declared Peter S. Lambros, publisher of the Greek Star. "Bulgaria's defeat means that Turkey is cut off and must fall. The armies of Palestine and Mesopotamia will join those of the Balkans and then will come the attack upon Anatolia. Austria is doomed, and also Uskub to-morrow."

Italian troops in the western wing of the allied advance in Macedonia continued Sunday to pursue the Bulgarians, who were retreating toward Anatolia along the Tetho river, says the Rome war office statement today.

20 U.S. SAILORS DROWNED WHEN BOAT CAPSIZES

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Sept. 30.—Twenty sailors from a naval vessel in the harbor here were drowned last night by the capsizing of a naval tender in which they were returning to their ship. Eleven other men were rescued. None of the bodies of the dead has been found.

Navy authorities refused to disclose the names of the men, who had been on shore leave and were returning to their ship about midnight.

A heavy sea was running and the boat was dashed against a large buoy anchored several hundred yards from the warship.

Americans Act with Japan in Taking Capital of Amur

VLADIVOSTOK, Friday, Sept. 28.—[By the Associated Press.]—American troops cooperated with the Japanese in the occupation on Thursday of Blagovestchensk, the capital of the Amur province. The allied forces entered the city on the heels of the departing Bolsheviks.

"[This is the first report that American units are at Blagovestchensk. The capture of the city was reported in a dispatch from London last Tuesday.]

Manchester Guardian Praises Wilson Speech

PENNSAULTON, Fla., Sept. 30.—[Special.]—The announcement that the body of Lieut. G. B. Bourgeois of Chicago had been recovered from a British hospital in Egypt, where he had an eye, last Friday, reached Bourgeois and two other survivors fell into the way with their dysentery and were discovered, but not that of the Chicago man.

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A nutritious diet in Influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Adv.

Fifield Tweed Hats

Made of REAL Scotch and English woolens — Heather mixtures — Smart effects for daily knockabout use.

Priced at \$5.00

Fifield
M. STRUSSON
Montgomery
510 Michigan Boulevard

A nutritious diet in Influenza. Horlick's Malted Milk, very digestible.—Adv.

CHICAGO'S '322'

MEN SHOUT 'HERE'
TO NATION'S CALL

City Selectives Eager for Great Adventure, Consider Shows.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—At midnight the drawing was progressing steadily and at a faster pace than during the afternoon. At the hour about half of the 17,000 capsules had been taken from the bowl. At the same rate the drawing would be completed soon after noon tomorrow.

Chicago's "322" men answered "Here" yesterday to the nation's call to the colors.

When the president drew the capsule with the serial number from the great glass bowl in Washington the eighty-six draft boards here immediately notified the registrants. A census conducted by reporters of this Tribune disclosed that virtually every man would waive exemption.

Many, of course, cannot go. Some are over the age limit of 35 fixed for the next call, some are physically unfit, and some are married and have large families. But all are eager for the great adventure.

All Nationalities on List.

The "322" men are typical of the world's greatest melting pot city. Every nationality is represented and of those most eager to go are the men of German and Austrian ancestry. Rich and poor alike are numbered among them.

In district No. 7 the honor and distinction fell to Lee Juton of 1405 Harrison street, an assistant communication counsel under Mayor Carter H. Harrison. His brother, Daniel Juton, is now in the service at the Great Lakes Naval Training station.

Up along the north shore the lucky number fell to Lee Juton of 1405 Harrison street, an assistant communication counsel under Mayor Carter H. Harrison. His brother, Daniel Juton, is now in the service at the Great Lakes Naval Training station.

Wants "Crack at Hitler."

Over Ghetto way lives Samuel Koenig, 928 South Claremont avenue. He is married and had two children. He "wants to go over" because he is anxious "to get a crack at the hilt."

Likewise, in the Ghetto, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Goldstein, 1405 Harrison street, are district No. 4. Mr. Goldstein is 45 years old and an iron moulder. He says he "will not claim exemption and I hope if they will not let me fight in the line I can make cannon balls to shoot at the Germans."

Constantine Bucaille of 912 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 2.

"I thank Mr. Wilson for drawing my number first," he said.

William B. Larsen of 146 West Forty-fifth street, whose lucky number in district No. 9 is Lee Juton, is 27 years old, married, and has six children. He, of course, will be exempted, but "I should like to get in if I can."

WILSON STARTS DRAFT.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Owing to the difficulty of transmitting by telegraph the 17,000 master numbers in the new draft, only 100 of them were sent out today. The remainder will be forwarded by the provost marshal general by mail as the master numbers are completed. The first 100 numbers are:

| | | | |
|----|--------|-----|--------|
| 1 | 322 | 5 | 4,267 |
| 2 | 7,777 | 55 | 12,500 |
| 3 | 1,716 | 55 | 625 |
| 4 | 1,716 | 55 | 1,716 |
| 5 | 10,306 | 55 | 15,300 |
| 6 | 8,306 | 55 | 8,306 |
| 7 | 10,306 | 55 | 10,306 |
| 8 | 1,697 | 55 | 1,697 |
| 9 | 7,123 | 55 | 14,243 |
| 10 | 7,785 | 55 | 8,337 |
| 11 | 8,377 | 55 | 2,887 |
| 12 | 10,654 | 55 | 7,234 |
| 13 | 7,785 | 55 | 7,785 |
| 14 | 904 | 55 | 10,654 |
| 15 | 12,938 | 55 | 4,387 |
| 16 | 1,037 | 75 | 1,037 |
| 17 | 7,612 | 75 | 6,348 |
| 18 | 6,360 | 60 | 7,234 |
| 19 | 1,191 | 75 | 1,191 |
| 20 | 1,191 | 75 | 1,191 |
| 21 | 1,191 | 75 | 1,191 |
| 22 | 10,762 | 75 | 12,250 |
| 23 | 3,235 | 85 | 3,235 |
| 24 | 16,037 | 95 | 11,225 |
| 25 | 6,866 | 95 | 13,755 |
| 26 | 8,245 | 95 | 8,245 |
| 27 | 6,866 | 95 | 6,866 |
| 28 | 7,004 | 95 | 6,777 |
| 29 | 6,866 | 95 | 6,866 |
| 30 | 11,860 | 95 | 13,200 |
| 31 | 6,866 | 95 | 6,866 |
| 32 | 16,038 | 100 | 11,225 |

County Board No. 1—Robert Frederick Muller, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 1.

County Board No. 2—Walter F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 2.

County Board No. 3—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 3.

County Board No. 4—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 4.

County Board No. 5—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 5.

County Board No. 6—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 6.

County Board No. 7—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 7.

County Board No. 8—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 8.

County Board No. 9—John F. Wilson, 928 South Robey street, 34 years old and married, is the "322" man of district No. 9.

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BRITISH CRUSH GERMAN LINES; BELGIANS WIN

St. Quentin Is Flanked;
More Towns Taken
by Allies.

(Continued from first page.)

tured in full and the British have reached the Scheldt from Vendhuile northward. New Zealanders have cleared the west bank as far as Crevecoeur.

Held Cambrai at Mirey.

The northwestern, western, and southwestern suburbs of Cambrai have been captured and the town probably will be cleared up shortly.

The British are in no hurry to clear up the situation in Cambrai, however. The German communications there have been ruined and they cannot bring in help or take away much material.

Both railroads and highways are under such an intense fire that it is impossible for the enemy to get men in or out.

HOW YANKS WENT FORWARD

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES
NORTH OF ST. QUENTIN, Sept. 29.—
[By the Associated Press.]—American
divisions brilliantly attacked on a front
of several miles in conjunction with
the British this morning. At nightfall
they were reported to have gained their
objectives only by sheer might and after
killing large numbers of the enemy.

The resistance encountered by the
American troops was as strong as any
thing offered by the Germans for many
weeks.

It was at 6 o'clock this morning when
the Americans with the British on their
left and right flanks "shoved off" from
the Hindenburg outpost line about 2,000
yards west of the St. Quentin canal,
which was captured on Friday. After
a short crash barrage the infantry, preceded
by a large number of tanks, started
advancing through the haze.

Fight Way Over Canal.

After hard fighting the troops
reached the canal and scrambled across
as the barrage swept on ahead of them. The Germans appeared to
have had orders to hold until the last.
That is what most of them did, and of
course during the fighting of such a
desperate nature the Americans suffered
some casualties.

The attack seems to have carried
on across the canal from the Hinden-
burg line west of the canal. The
Germans resisted to the utmost every-
where. Heavy fighting continues in
the locality where the Americans at-
tacked, but last reports indicate that
the Americans, having reached certain
points, were "happily" by Aus-
tralian troops, who continued the ad-
vance. **WORLD WAR**

As the Australians passed through
both they and the Americans, some
units of which had plainly showed
war hard battles, there was firing
and fighting for a moment and ceased.
At other places where the fighting
continued furiously the Americans
working their machine guns and rifles
cheered as they worked. The Ameri-
cans cooperated closely with the Aus-
tralian troops and kept a stream of bullets
directed at the Germans all the time.

German Dead Cover Ground.

The ground over which the Ameri-
cans passed was littered with German
dead and the same was true of other
sections of the front. Deep progress
was made in all directions everywhere.

It is reported that the British have
reached Batticeux, having taken La-
fau wood and Le Rues Vertes, and
are in the outskirts of Cambrai, where
there has been fighting of the heaviest
character. Canadian troops are fight-
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they must realize that they cannot
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"LUSITANIA," BATTLE CRY

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN
FRANCE, Sunday, Sept. 29.—[By Reu-
tere.]—Striking at the strongest point
of the Hindenburg line between St.
Quentin and Le Catelet, British and
American troops launched a terrific at-

Be patriotic Buy
Fourth Liberty
Bonds

MITTEL-EUROPA DREAM OF KAISER VANISHES

Bulgaria, Important Link of Berlin-to-Bagdad Route, Lost in Unconditional Surrender to the Allies' Victorious Armies.



In the surrender of Bulgaria the
allies have achieved one of the
great victories of war, especially
in its political effect, as it de-
finitely completes the present
conquering motive of the Russians
in beginning the world conflict.

"Der Drang nach Osten" (the
urge to the east) and the building
of the Berlin to Bagdad railway as the
main artery of a Middle-European
confederation, dominated by Ger-
many, had long been a cause of
friction between Berlin and
London. It was the British's challenge
to Germany's and a direct threat
to India. In conformity with this
plan Bulgaria and Turkey took
their stand with Germany and Aus-
tria and the overwhelming of Ser-

bia placed the Berlin-Constantinople
railway for a time beyond peril
of attack.

It was the rapid advance of the
allies on the Macedonian front, the
near approach of their armies to
this great highway, and in the re-
gion of Sofia, the Bulgarian capital
that brought this German ally to

its knees.

The surrender of Bulgaria now
completely isolates Turkey, except
as it may be reached through Rus-
sia, and the Balkans and
Asia Minor. German forces are
with the sultan's armies. Dependent
on Germany and Austria for
its war supplies, Turkey is now in
a desperate situation and can be
attacked from the northwest

through Macedonia and the Bul-
garian littoral.

The advance of the victorious
allies has not been halted and French
cavalry reached Uskuk in
Serbia last night.

German reinforcements have ar-
rived in Sofia. The suspension of
hostilities by the allies does not
apply to the Austro-Hungarian,
German, and Turkish units operat-
ing with the Bulgars. As the Bul-
garian army, which has been elim-
inated by far the greater
part of the forces opposing the
allies, the remaining units of the
central powers are in a serious
plight. Their means of escape are
out of except so far as they can
compel the Bulgarians to assist.

It was at 6 o'clock this morning. Forty-
eight hours before the infantry, ad-
vanced against the German lines the
British artillery had maintained a ter-
rible fire against the enemy positions.
For the last ten hours of this battle
gas shells by the thousands were
dropped against the Germans, causing a
deadly silence to hold over the
enemy lines.

During the night a preliminary in-
fantry attack developed between Mar-
sion and Marjaples against the main
Hindenburg line and met with satis-
factory success. Under a creeping cur-
tain of flame the main assault was
launched this morning.

A large force of American troops
shouting "Lusitania" advanced in the
first wave with splendid dash. One
large number of tanks went out with
the first wave, being directed against
a front of 4,000 yards south of Vend-
huile, where the St. Quentin canal
passes through a tunnel.

British Syria the Canal.

Using the Vendhuile gap as a bridge
the Americans stormed forward, de-
ploying "tan-whe" as they went. One
British division swept across the canal
and, after a brief skirmish, and
laughing as they reformed their lines
on the eastern bank. Then under
steady machine gun fire they pushed
forward into the village of Bellenghem.

At 9 o'clock the prisoners were
streaming back in droves. By this
time the first phase of the attack had
ended and after a pause the advance was
resumed.

Then one of the most dramatic inci-
pents of the battle occurred. The Ameri-
cans, tired and beat up but in
high spirits, opened their ranks and
Australian units, moving up in sup-
port, swept through them and became
the first wave of the renewed attack.

The storm of cheering that greeted this
maneuver arose high above the roar of
conflict.

As the morning advanced it be-
came clear that the battle was devel-
oping into a victory. Progress through
the Siegfried maw of trench-
es was naturally slow, but the allied
troops steadily moved forward, without
the fear of being held up by the
bottom of the canal. The German op-
position seemed unable to arrest their
progress. The enemy artillery fire was for
the most part desultory and from long
range. Much of the personal equip-
ment abandoned by the enemy appears
to be quite new.

La Catelet, the key position to the
whole sector between Bellencourt and
St. Quentin, was captured by the
British.

It is reported that the British have
reached Batticeux, having taken La-
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WORLD WAR

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FOE FACES HOUR OF RECKONING; ALLIES, REWARD

Ludendorff's Advantage of "Partial Battle" Now Wiped Out.

BY GEORGE H. PERRIS.
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.
(Copyright: 1918.)

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES IN CHAMPAGNE, Sept. 30.—The hour of final reckoning and great reward approaches, for long Germany's only hope lay in a partial battle. Now that a total battle delivered, her strength cracks on all sides. With consummate art and dramatic cumulation of power, Foch lights up the whole line, from the sea to the Meuse.

At the moment of the Turkish and Bulgarian collapses the material strain upon the enemy is enhanced by the deadly moral strain, and in both the weight of pressure is doubled. By its shrewd direction, alike in fortification and in numbers of men, the German side had given care to its center in France, and especially to the Cambrai, St. Quentin, St. Gobain, and Mainsmaison sectors.

The bastions on either side of these sectors were relatively thin, since the Elbeau, in the Champagne, particularly, might well suppose his defenses to be impregnable. I said the other day that the pollios who are biting into the iron walls of St. Quentin and Mainsmaison are doing the essential part of the whole work. Slow as the results were in appearing, they appear today. If Mangin had not kept on striking toward the Chemin des Dames there would have been no need for Caporetto to bolt from that bloody and prodigious Wall Friday night; but the retreat is the result not only of heroism but of total pressure.

Battle of Poulain's Steady Work.

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Battle of Converging Wings.

The present stage of the allied offensive is essentially in fact a battle of converging wings. The Belgians and British on the left strike eastwards. The Americans and French between the Meuse and the Sambre, strike northwest and north. If the axes of the movements be produced they would meet in the classic battle grounds of the Sambre and the Meuse triangle.

Every step they make is a threat against the most protruded parts of the German center. Today it is the western half of the Aisne heights that is abandoned. Soon it will be the eastern half with the fronts of the Vesle and the Aisne.

Such are the fruits of sound, vigorous strategy, and they are but the beginning for the total battle can surely be maintained. Ludendorff's dilemma continues and even becomes aggravated.

Add to Foe's Problems.

Every retreat being delayed and harassed gives us thousands of prisoners. It cannot therefore yield a saving of forces like a voluntary shortening of the fronts. The German losses of the last two days probably very greatly exceed those of the allies, and so increases our superiority of means. Such retreats, however, always raise possibilities of disaster and undermine both the morale and organization. The problem of how to use the few remaining reserves becomes desperate. When Gouraud started out on Thursday Von

ALLIES' SMASH ON WESTERN FRONT GOES ON



1—Roulers, important German base in Flanders, has been taken by the Belgians. The British have taken Ghent and are within two miles of Mons, important rail base.

2—Between Neuve Chapelle and Puisieux the British advanced to the west bank of the Lys river. An advance also was made south of Fleurbaix.

3—British recaptured Villers-Guislain, took Gonnelieu, and reached the Scheldt canal from Vendhuile, northward. North of Cambrai the enemy resisted the British advance strongly with heavy counter-attacks. Gen. Hely's forces are in Cambrai and have cleared up the northeastern, western, and southwestern suburbs. London reports the British have crossed the Scheldt (L'Ecausse) canal and taken Crevecoeur, south of Cambrai. Early reports from London state the British had withdrawn from Aricau and Aubencheul-au-Bac.

4—South of Bellenghem British

renewed their attacks, gaining high ground about Thuringy and the village and the end of the long tunnel of Le Tronquay. The advance was continued to the northeast and east of Nauroy. Between Nauroy and Bony, English and Australians advanced, capturing many prisoners. British, Americans, and Australians troops have advanced on the front between Bellencourt and Gonnelieu. The Germans are counter attacking heavily in this sector to the region of Villers-Guislain, southwest of Le Catelet, and at Bony.

5—Half of the Chemin des Domes has been taken by the French, and the Germans are retreating back of the Aisne river.

6—Between the Aisne and Vesle rivers the French advanced on a wide front, taking Montigny, Romain, and Revillon. North of the Aisne the Italians took Soupir.

7—In the Champagne the French have taken Marvaux and Auro and extended their lines almost to Monthois. The enemy was thrown out of Ste. Marie-a-Py.

8—The Americans have smashed heavy counter attacks between Clerges and the valley of the Aisne.

Scale of Miles
BATTLE LINE YESTERDAY
FARTHEST GERMAN ADVANCE SINCE

FIND RESULTS OF DEADLY AIM OF ALLIED GUNNERS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY
NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Sept. 30.

—[By the Associated Press.]—Reports of the excellent aim of the Franco-American artillerists in the Meuse-Armanne drive are coming in.

Upon the capture of this vital sector, especially Urvillers, the investing line around St. Quentin advanced an important step. It now forms a semi-circle around the western and southern side of the city.

Son of Justice F. K. Durin Dies in Action in France

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 30.—[Special.]—Justice Frank K. Dunn of the Illinois Supreme court, a resident of Charleston, has received word that his son, Second Lieutenant Andrew Dunn, has been killed in action in France. Lieutenant Dunn had been in France for several months.

Leon Trotsky Wounded; Assailant Is Arrested

Capture Strongest Point.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY ON THE ST. QUENTIN FRONT, Sept. 30.—[By Reuters.]—French forces attacked and captured the eliminating point in the German line of resistance.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 30.—Leon Trotsky, Bolshevik war minister, is reported to have been shot in the shoulder recently at Briansk. His wound is not serious. The assailant was arrested.

ETERNAL vigilance in merchandise is the price of satisfaction; we exercise it when we buy, because your satisfaction is part of every sale. Money cheerfully refunded is one way of checking ourselves up.

Have you seen our new double-twist tweed suits? They're certainly worth it: \$45.

YOU know how tweeds wear; there's something about such fabrics that not only looks like real service but actually gives it.

These tweeds are particularly attractive in appearance: the colorings are beautiful Heather mixtures; deep rich shades of blue, green, brown, gray; some with silk decorations in reds and blues; we show at least twenty different colorings with many stripes and checks, black and white, and oxfords. They're Hart Schaffner & Marx made, for us.

For autumn and winter wear these double-twist tweeds \$45 are wonderful.

Great exhibit of fine overcoats; 6th floor.

THE best showing we've ever made; the best foreign and American fabrics; the late products of Burberry of London. Men's overcoats for women; overcoats for sport, business, dress, motoring; ultra smart models for men and young men. Superior values.

\$25 \$30 \$35 \$40 \$50 \$60 \$75 \$85 \$100

All true Patriots will buy the Fourth Liberty Loan Bond.

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Good clothes, nothing else.

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Record Knitting Bags—Free

In order to assist our women patrons in carrying records home, we are packing records in brown, tough paper bags. These bags have a tape handle and a brass fastener and are similar to the regulation Knitting Bags and can be used as such. They enable one to carry records through the city with a minimum of danger from breakage. There is a pretty picture by Nancy Beatty printed on one side of the bag.

Lyon & Healy

'IRON DIVISION' KEEPS WARM BY CAPTURING FOES

British Smash Enemy Line After Days of Battle in the Cold.

BY PHILIP GIBBS.
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.
(Copyright: 1918.)

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Sept. 30.—There was wild weather last night with a gale blowing and heavy rainstorms over the battlefields. I was in a place where there were many ruined houses, and as the wind howled there were crashes when bits of masonry fell into the streets.

7—In the Champagne the French have taken Marvaux and Auro and extended their lines almost to Monthois. The enemy was thrown out of Ste. Marie-a-Py.

8—The Americans have smashed heavy counter attacks between Clerges and the valley of the Aisne.

Scale of Miles
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FARTHEST GERMAN ADVANCE SINCE

MANY GERMAN SOLDIERS SHOT FOR REVOLTING?

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Dozens of German noncommissioned officers and men of Gen. von Boehm's army have been shot following an attempt at revolt, according to advices from the Swiss frontier today. Gen. Boehm's army has been severely battered in the present offensive operations of the allies.

making their way stubbornly around the north side of Cambrai.

For the time yesterday the German counter attacks made the Canadians withdraw a little from St. Omer on the outskirts of the city and from the ground on the south side. But the First Canadian took a strong wire trench line on the Douai-Cambrai road in spite of fierce machine gunning.

The enemy is resisting fiercely on the railway embankment which goes northwards out of Cambrai. These battles today were preceded by heavy concentrations of gunfire from our batteries sweeping the ground this side of the Scheldt canal.

See Lines of Prisoners.

As I went up this way today I met long processions of men who are speaking proofs of our progress and success. They were German prisoners, and down one road came nearly a thousand of them, marching as one battalion. Victims of yesterday's tragedy to Germany.

"My men," an officer of our third division said today, "keep asking me when they are going on again."

Straight Through German Line.

That is their only thought. Yet these men of the "Iron division," as it is called because of their great history in this war, have been fighting a long time in our retreat and our advance and were many days in line before their new attack last Friday.

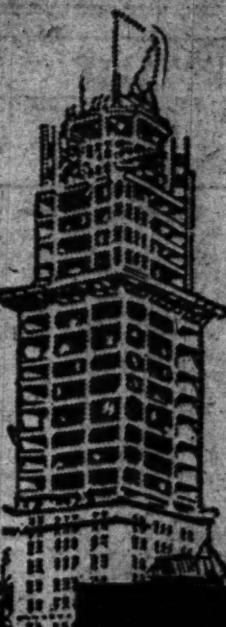
That was their most glorious day, for they took as many prisoners as a corps could take on one day, and went straight through the Hindenburg support lines to the town of Haynau. North country troops and Royal Fusiliers stormed the Hindenburg trenches and, after hard fighting all the way, with the troops of the Twentieth and Sixth German divisions, their best troops in this sector, captured the village of Riecourt.

Smash Strong Trench Systems.

On their final drive the Scottish and Shropshire men worked on the left and smashed their way through the most formidable trench systems with tanks, where "pits" and "crews" did gallant service, and were then leap-frogged by the north and east country troops of this same old division, which went through Fresquelles village. They took three German battalion command posts and a hill used by the Germans as an observation post, which became an excellent post, became an excellent post for the Americans to hold. The Guards and the Third division together can take anything with any luck. The depth of the German defense shows the enemy intended to hold this part of the Hindenburg line at all cost, but that intention failed with the crushing defeat.

Around Cambrai today and last night there was very hard fighting and the enemy's defense was being stiffened, holding up from the last.

The German defense was maintained almost wholly by dense machine gun fire against our Eleventh English division and the First, Fourth, and Third Canadian divisions, which have been



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First:—To our Government.

Second:—To manufacturers of munitions, aeroplanes, guns, food products, and all concerns which are assigning their output to the Government.

Third:—To the regular commercial trade.

Many of our oldest friends must wait, their orders for Built-Like-a-Skyscraper Steel Files shall be filled whenever possible, but the war industries must come first. However, we know that our friends will understand and will approve the Shaw-Walker war policy.

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YANKS BOMB WAY THROUGH LINES OF THE GERMANS

Americans Go Into Hindenburg Line to Slay
Enemies.

(Continued from first page.)

were frequent late yesterday. Enemy resistance was particularly evident in the vicinity of Exermont and Cierges.

Just before midnight it was reported that the Germans had shelled the American field hospital at Béthincourt and had set it on fire.

The Germans of the extreme left of the Argonne forest yesterday evening filtered through the American lines in some places with machine guns and attempted to attack Foch's men from behind. The advance of the Americans, consequently, was delayed by the necessity of clearing out that portion of the forest.

Turn Guns on Enemy.

In riding the Argonne forest of Germany the Americans have been compelled to cooperate with hundreds of snipers, many of whom take positions in trees, endeavoring to pick off the advancing soldiers. The Americans encountered snipers in such numbers in one part of the forest that the infantry called for artillery, which quickly ousted the snipers by a barrage.

Two complete batteries started action against the Germans today. The guns and ammunition of these batteries were captured from the retreating forces near Cierges. Included in the captured equipment were six 150 millimeter guns and twenty-one pieces of lighter artillery.

American artillery had not come up when the capture was made. The officers took quick advantage of the situation and turned these guns on the enemy, using ammunition which they found in stocks near by.

Germans Are Moving North.

American infantry was reported by aerial observers to be moving north along the Aisne beyond Liancourt in the Argonne region. The Americans were to the Americans early in the day and the French and American heavy artillery started firing all along the river.

The Germans concentrated in the regions of Sommerance and Exermont Monday morning in such numbers that the French and American heavy guns were turned upon these regions in force, pounding them for hours.

The American artillery fire increased in volume during the day on the right. That of the enemy decreased slightly, though the large guns were served freely against the American front everywhere. There were violent counter attacks in the neighborhood of Nantillois.

The Germans during the day used tear gas shells on points five kilometers.

A Simple, Inexpensive

Loose Leaf Catalog

Wallace Catalog

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STAR EQUIPMENT CO., Chicago, Ill.

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Chicago Tribune

WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

SECOND CLASS MAILER JUNE 2, 1868. AT
POST OFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF
1875.No article, manuscript, letters and pictures and
other material sent at the cost of the writer, and the Tribune
reserves the right to accept or reject any article or manuscript for
any reason or for no reason.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1918.

Country! In her intercourse with
nations may she always be in the
but our country, right or wrong.
—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM

The welfare and prosperity of Chicago
are the state of Illinois—
urge our readers to vote, on Nov. 5, for
a convention to revise the constitution of
Illinois.The \$10,000,000 good roads bond issue.
The traction ordinance, providing an adequate
system of rapid transit for Chicago.
The bill putting all banks under state super-

BULGARIA QUILTS.

With the optimism that inspires to renewed
hope that we receive the news of the first
victory in the structure of middle Europe. We do
believe that at this time such an encouragement
to the purpose against Germany could result
in a slightest abatement of the effort againstWe believe that the central European structure
is falling. It has been a powerful alliance spread
over continental Europe. The only thing it
was sea power. It was a great menacing
nigbtly organized under the Prussian drill
and the Prussian diplomat.Men could not live with it and was having
time fighting to get rid of it. It stretched
from the North sea to the Aegean, touching
the and the Mediterranean, and with Prussian
and Prussian discipline dominating it, it was
a menace to the security of human freedom inThere was a necessary part in the physical
of this forbidding alliance. It was the
way gateway from Germany to the far east.
The essential factor in the alliance of Ger-
many-Austria-Hungary, and Turkey. It has been
broken.The Balkans have been the cockpit of Europe
and certainly have not been the moral judiciary
and it is unimportant to hold a moral
against Bulgaria. We suspect that the
wants of Bulgaria would much prefer to raise
sheep, milk their cows, live in their villages,
eat their cheese, and tell folk tales than to be
in any imperial ideas and wars resulting
such ideas.Our past has been one of uninterrupted peace.
Our present is one involved in the most gigantic
human struggle the world has ever known. Pre-
sent is cast aside. No man has ever known such
a catastrophe, therefore there is no time to be
guided by such an experience. Every tangible clew to
the future so far as relation to precedent is con-
cerned is voided. We are back to first principles.In only one thing have we absolute faith. That
is in ourselves as individuals and as a nation. We
have demonstrated this to be quick and unwavering
support of the principles of world freedom and
our willingness to make sacrifices of blood and
treasure to win. As a nation we are one in war,
one in supporting the army and navy, one in de-
manding an everlasting peace, and one in unequalled
Americanism.What is more valuable than this Americanism?
What other supreme asset have we? Is there any
greater mental, physical, or material surety than
the common faith we hold in our own institutions,
created by us, nourished by us, and defended by us?
Is there any safer project than the combined re-
sources of 120,000,000 people all intent upon seeing
that it does not fail? What commercial securi-
ties will you buy so that your investment will be
more abundantly protected?There is nothing in this war condition which
tells us what to do in the future even in the face
of our sublime optimism. We have seen hun-
dreds of thousands of miles of railroads converted
to the use of the government—likewise millions of
tons of materials, millions of men, and billions in
money. We have seen our thousands of industries
swerved from peaceful uses to warlike. We as a
nation have been able to do these things where as
individuals we were frail and futile.We have seen the nation juggle giant concerns as
a performer tosses bits of paper. Not once have
we doubted the national ability to carry on.When the war is won there will be the readjust-
ment. No man can say as to that. Who will own
the railroads or who have stocks for sale, or whose
real estate will be the most attractive are things
for which we have no precedent. You as an indi-
vidual may have your personal reasons for such
and such an investment, but as a nation we are
not likewise placed nor attracted.As a nation we are sure of one thing—our national
bond between ourselves. We are sure of its ability
in pay. We are sure the nation will make good.
All industry will probably be prosperous. But it
will not be prosperous if the nation falters. There
is no better investment than the parent of all the
industries. Without the nation there is no industry.
We invest our faith in the nation. It is the
biggest business house in the world today. No
matter what industry attracts your savings, it is
not possibly as strong as the nation which sheltersWith Bulgaria gone the great German idea of
empire driving into the far east is gone. With
Bulgaria gone Turkey is isolated and deprived of
a sustaining German strength.With Bulgaria gone Austria-Hungary, already
ripe for peace and quivering with the barely
suppressed forces of revolution, may soon also ask
what terms as the allies are willing to grant.
Without false optimism we perceive the feasibility
of these reassuring facts and are inspired by
them. The real fighter, as we know America pro-
gresses forward more eagerly as he sees the
signs of weakening on the part of his opponent
more in his punch. The smile which he
now takes nothing away from the power of hisreduces his efforts as he sees his opponent
stressed. We do not exaggerate the effect of this
in the alliance which has been so successful
in making it will upon the European continent.
It is as we know, a symptom of the German
contingent. It is an earnest of what is going to
happen.We know that the defeat of Germany is inevi-
table. This is surely a sign that this knowledge is
inflamed. It asks for more effort against Ger-
many. That the finish may be as speedy as possible,
it should be as little as possible in cost, and
it shall restore the world to peace as soon as
possible.As a resource of tremendous importance it is
one and not a sedative. There will be a greater
in Germany as the result.The German structure is coming down about the
man now. That only makes Samson put a
few more stones into his push against the pillars.

THE BANNERMAN INCIDENT.

An adjoining column is the account of an out-
rage upon American citizens, which, if it had oc-
curred in Germany, would have been accepted by
the American public as proof that the entire Ger-
man people are barbarians. Doubtless Mr. Vlcek
will admit it as satisfactory evidence that the
Germans are at the least no better in such affairs
than the Prussians.As a matter of common sense the shameful inci-
dents nothing so comforting to pro-German
elements. What it proves is this: That the
elements of war and its impasse pre-
dicted to move some mischievous underhanded
things a little brief authority, some concealed
meanings, or some unwise resolutions to commit
outrages which every decent human being must

repudiate. In this case evidently congressmen and
officers, if not officials of the navy collaborated, in
an offense which shames America. We repudiate
the account because the processes of official ato-
mism seem to be moving with a reluctance which
reflects about as dismal upon the higher authori-
ties as did the offense itself upon the understrappers.
We suggest that decent public opinion and
especially the decent press take a hand in this sit-
uation at once. Every man, subordinate or super-
ior, connected with the outrage upon Mr. Bannerman
should be punished severely and at once, and
public apology and full reparation should be made
to this loyal American. If public opinion expresses
itself as it ought we are confident there will be a
prompt change of attitude on the part of the
authorities.

The shameful Bannerman incident, moreover,
should serve, and punishment for it should be so
widely advertised that it will serve, for a warning
against the stupid and vicious suspicions, the un-
founded and headlong condemnations, which injure
American of German name, & ancestry, or
birth. At a time when Americans of this variety
are among the first to be decorated for valor in
action against the enemy, when they have been
among the first to pay the last full measure of
devotion under our flag at the front, when they
are serving everywhere, & their country and its
cause, it should be the highest point of honor that
they be defended from injustice at home or elsewhere.

There is no nobler passage of this war than that
which Americans of German blood are writing in
letters of blood and sacrifice in the glorious pages
of our history. Let us not for one moment forget
this. Let us cherish it and be proud of it, for it is
the highest tribute that could be paid to America,
its institutions, and her life. And let us cherish
these comrades, proven in fire, for the trial they
have passed through and nobly triumphed in has
been the hardest of all.

THE FOREHANDAN AMERICAN.

It lies in the province of few persons to think
clearly of the morrow and to provide wisely against
its exigencies. Our thought chiefly is of our per-
sonal today. Most of us are buoyed up by the pro-
spect of some approaching pleasure, be it ever so
slight, and we consign our anxieties to the pigeon
hole of things that will adjust themselves. Expe-
rience has taught that present or impending misfor-
tunes dissolve into irritations of a minor sort,
wherefore we give our mental energies to anticipat-
ing life's colorful prospects and devote no more than
incidental foreboding—certainly little construc-
tive resistance—to the evils that threaten us.

But we are all convinced that we are profound-
ly after advantage, and thoughtful for the mor-
row. In actual practice we seldom do these things,
but merely think them. Past experience teaches us
we have been moderately prosperous individually
and enormously so as a nation. Thus we are con-
tent to depend upon a hope for a continuation of
this prosperity. Few of us take time to investigate
the course of events as a way of measuring our
needs of tomorrow. If stocks were good yesterday
they should be good tomorrow. If certain invest-
ments in other industrial avenues were profitable,
they will be profitable. We are prone to seize upon
promises.

Our past has been one of uninterrupted peace.
Our present is one involved in the most gigantic
human struggle the world has ever known. Pre-
sent is cast aside. No man has ever known such
a catastrophe, therefore there is no time to be
guided by such an experience. Every tangible clew to
the future so far as relation to precedent is con-
cerned is voided. We are back to first principles.

IT DOESN'T TAKE MUCH TO BEAT CHICAGO.
Sir: There are some fine points about South
Bend, also. One day this week every advertisement
in both local papers was to the
Fourth Liberty loan. That beats Chicago.

M. N. W.

THIS is not a rich man's war, because the rich
man, as Mr. McAdoo's figures on the last loan
show, is not doing his share. Nor is it poor
man's war, because the poor man cannot afford a
war. It comes nearer to being a salaried man's
war. His income remains stationary, while the
purchasing power of his dollar has shrunk to
fifty-cent cents. His salary is not increased, but the
government taxes him for excess profits. Moreover,
he buys more bonds in proportion to his
means than the millionaire does.

We have made the record.

Sir: Will you please convey to the president of
the Academy the nomination of Vic. Trolia, a
student of Decatur, Ill., as chairman of the
entertainment committee.

P. A. T.

DAILY PRAYERS for our soldiers and sailors will
undoubtedly help to win the war. But would it not
be more direct to pray for the people in Wash-
ington? Delay and incompetence there mean the sac-
rifice of soldiers' lives. The men at the front are
able to take care of themselves, but some of those
in the rear are in need of divine assistance.

GENTLEMEN, MISS POWDERMAKER.

Sir: The United States Food Administration ad-
vises, "Food Will Win the War"; also, "Food
is Ammunition for Fighters." You will undoubt-
edly be pleased to learn that Miss Florence Powder-
maker is a member of the staff of the Food Admin-
istration.

CLLEMENTAINE, reports Charles Edward Rus-
sell, is sensitive about any report that he has
predicted the end of the war." We can very well
understand his annoyance. The difficulty is, in
as the premier intimated with exquisite politeness in
the case of Senator Lewis, Americans do not entirely
comprehend all the nuances of the French
language.

APPLIED ADVICE.

When we went out to training camp,
We all were green and fussy:

We kicked because the ground was damp,
And said the grub was mushy.

The captain says, "They're only kids,
Just let the army grind 'em;

They'll get some sense beneath their lids
And take things as they find 'em."

The army grind—it never fails!

When we've been steady boarders
About three months, we're hard as nails,

And keen for marching orders.

The sergeant says to us, says he,
"Hard knocks, ye mustn't mind 'em.

The army ain't no-blanked pink tea;

Ye take things as ye find 'em."

And now to rescue good France
We've come across the briny:

The only word we hear, "Advocate!"

And good-bye Fritz and Heine.

They show they're licked, the beastly Huns,

By what they leave behind 'em:

Towns, ammunition, men, and guns—

We take things as we find 'em.

H. M. B. writes: "A child 19 months old was
burned three years ago."—Doe Evans' column.

What you might call anteprenatal.

THE news about Bulgaria put us in so good a
humor that we resolved to print the first three
contributions we opened. But they proved to be
clipping from Doe Evans' department mentioned
above.

WOULDN'T YOU LOVE TO ROOM THERE?
(From the Crookston, Minn., Times.)

Wanted—A club of ten young college
students room and board. None accepted who
smoke, smoke or swear in the house. Must be
in by 10 p.m., unless some special occasion,
or dismissed. \$15. N. Broadway. J. Etta
Heslop-Best.

IT is very uncivilized of the Americans to use
shotguns, but you must say this for them: they
don't shoot at a German and then throw up their
hands and yell "Kamerad!"

MANUFACTURE of certain electric utensils is
ordered discontinued, and among the things we are
to be deprived of is the cigar-lighter for automo-
biles. That's bringing the war home.

ON THE OLD PRINCIPLE OF FIRST TRYING
TO GET THE UNLIKELY PLACES.

Sir: A bellhop at the Congress last evening was
paying Hon. Josephus Daniels in the barbershop.

W. C. SIEGFRIED, Brahmde, Wotan, Beckmesser.
Homes give way. Why don't the Germans establish
themselves on a Gurneyans line? That would hold
til next spring at least.

"MAKE the world safe for democracy!" is a
thrilling slogan. But somehow or other we get
more stir out of the six words, "Get the Germans
out of France!"

Andy and Miss Go Shopping.
(From the Cottontree, Lowell.)

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Gump of Seymour were
city business visitors on Monday.

"YANKEE IN France Meets Mule He Knew In
Indiana"—Indianapolis News.

A most affecting reunion.

"BULGARIA Quits at Noon." Headline.

When the Allies' whistle blew.

BANG goes the Bagdad Corridor! B. L. T.

In several government schools for natives in Alaska
the wireless plays an important part not only in
keeping the community in touch with the outside
world, but also in their instruction, says Popular
Mechanics Magazine. The morning program is
frequently occupied with reporting the latest world
events to pupils and also to their parents, who crowd into
the building eager to be informed.

In one institution on the shore of the Arctic ocean
a bathroom is a novelty and conveniences used each
Friday by the girls and each Saturday by the boys.
Before the founding of the school bathing in water
was practically unknown.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Hew to the Line. Let the quips fall where they may.

IDIOTS OF THE SKILLET FORK.

"Killed 'em in action." Corporal Alonso.

The day before that awful telegram

Washington for Bill was brought 't the house

By Viny—she'd been up her town; an' Gene

The operator, lookin' kind' white

"An' see: 'It's jes' some business fer yer Paw'

Me 'n' Bill was talkin' 'bout the Lib'ity bonds.

We'd thrashed the matter over, 'n' both agreed

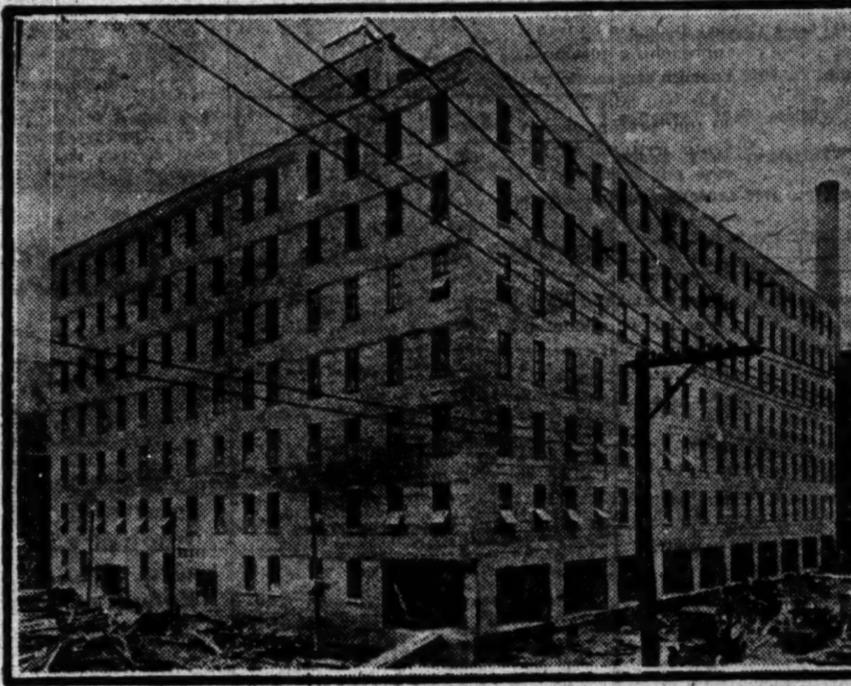
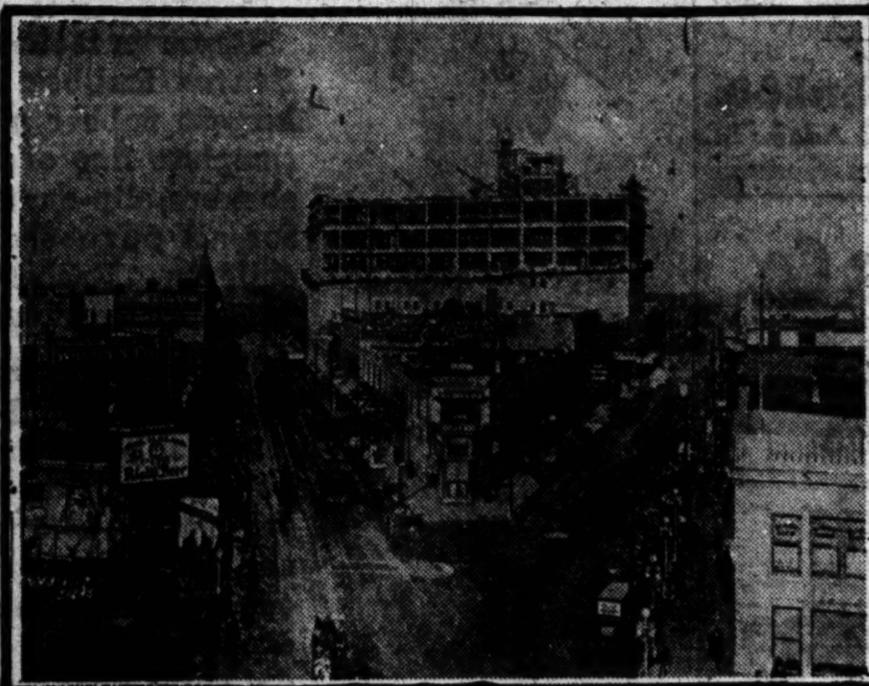
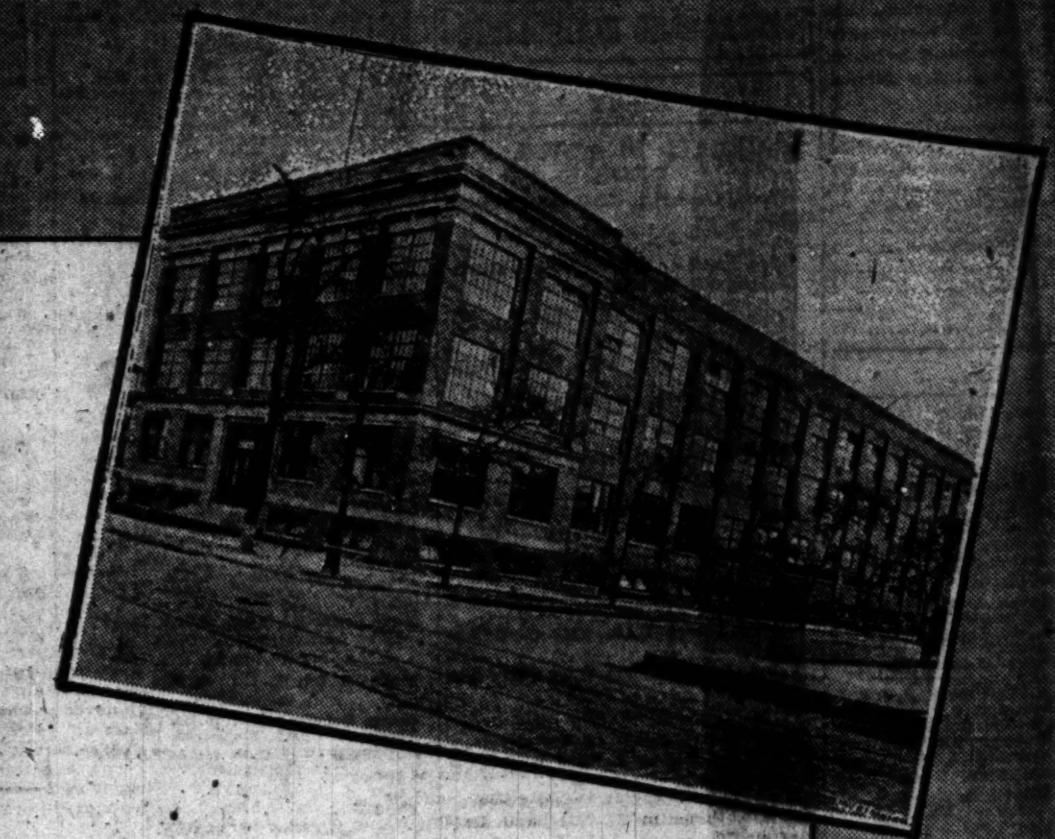
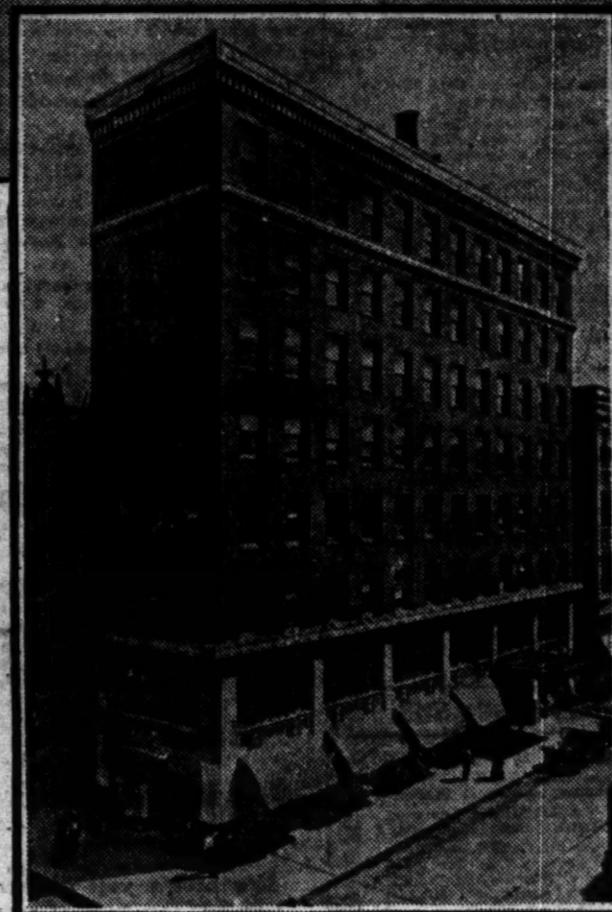
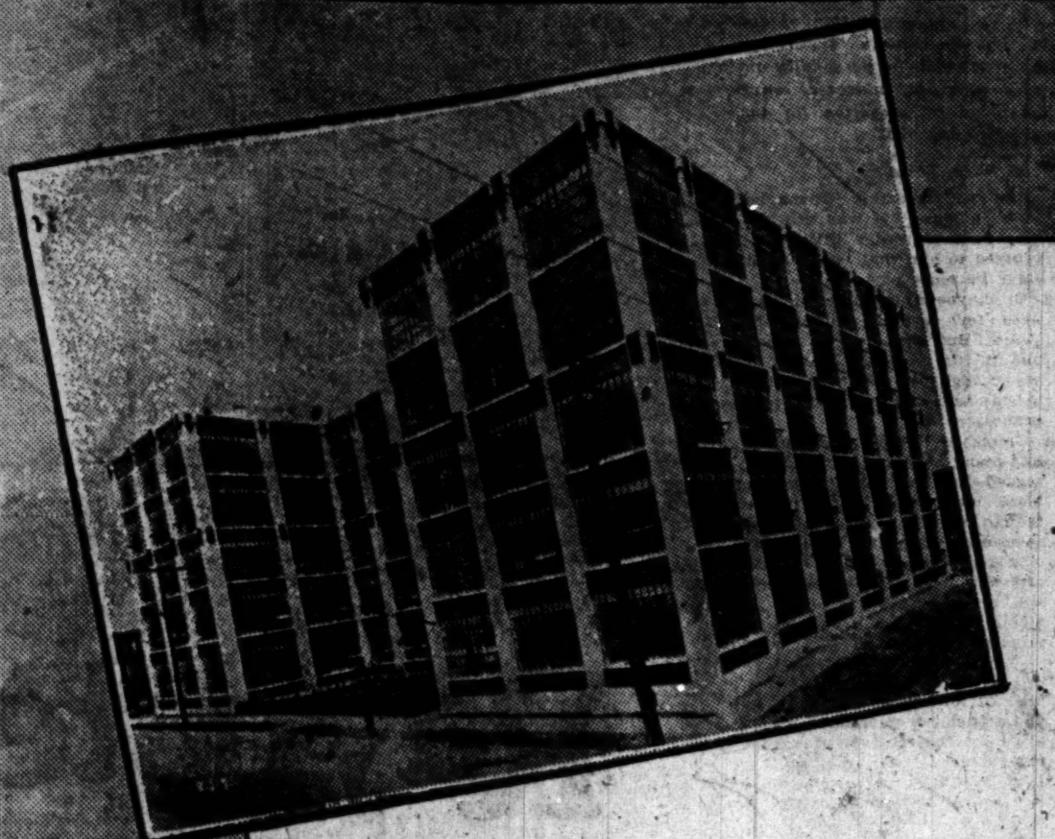
The only thing ter dew, 'n' a feller hed

The price, was git a bond, an' e'f he hedn't

Ter get one ennyhow, an' he'd be a feller

Bill he'd swum with Charles Bichie, who runs

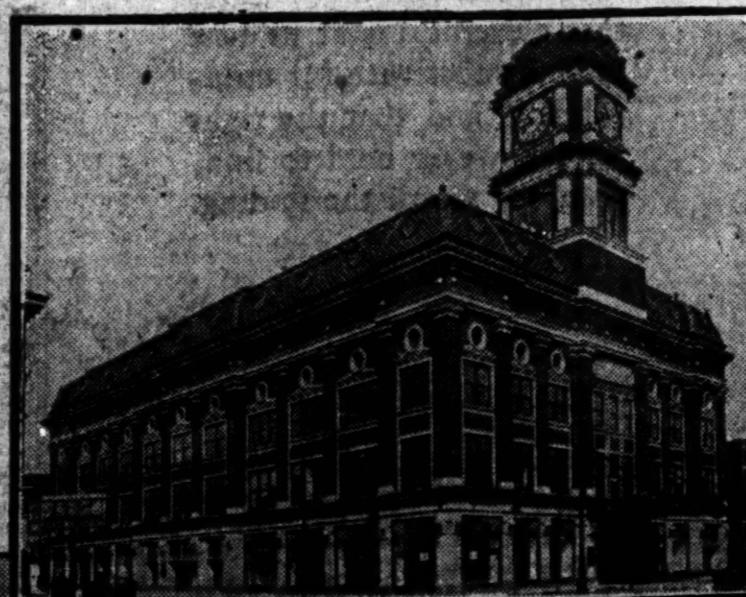
the Family Gold (all nuttin' much besides).



BUY LIBERTY BONDS

R.C.WIEBOLDT
GENERAL CONTRACTOR
ASHLAND BLVD. & VAN BUREN ST. CHICAGO.

HELP WIN THE WAR



AMERICAN OVERSEAS CASUALTIES

CHICAGOANS IN THE LISTS

ARMY

KILLED IN ACTION.

BUGLER.

Francis, Charles H., 7300 South Harvard

avenue.

PRIVATE.

Liley, Frank J., 815 North Avon

avenue.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

PRIVATE.

Fairfax, Francis L., 8515 South Morgan

street.

WOUNDED SEVERELY.

SERGEANT.

Zehn, Arthur, 735 East Fifteenth

place.

CORPORALS.

Badmair, Louis, 2828 Elizabeth

street.

Eaton, Leslie E., 1846 West Adams

street.

Ellis, Charles W., 4146 Montrose

avenue.

PRIVATE.

Foley, James P., 518 West Forty-fifth

place.

Died.

Hanson, D. W., 207 Grenshaw

street.

Murphy, Patrick, 2100 Archer

avenue.

Dienes, Frederick B., 2225 North Hal-

sted

street.

Rehak, Stephen E., 2426 South Sacra-

mento

avenue.

Stahl, Lyman J., 1251 West Madison

street.

Zelansky, Leo, 1626 North Oakley

boule-

vard.

Brata, Harry C., 4016 South Artesian

avenue.

Dunn, Christopher C., 4547 Kenwood

avenue.

Grib, Edward E., 2826 Anthony

avenue,

South Chicago.

Morrissey, James C., 4018 East Eighty-

eighth

street.

Wehrmeister, William, 1701 Clybourn

avenue.

Weintraub, Wladyslaw, 4402 South

Harold

street.

Forsberg, Albert P., 4721 Costello

avenue.

Foster, Guy O., 4227 Evans

avenue.

MISSING IN ACTION.

EARLY LIST.

KILLED IN ACTION.

LIEUTENANT.

Silbert, Carl Walpert, Milwaukee, Wis.

SERGEANT.

Willis, Karen, New York City.

PRIVATE.

Hart, Watson Schlaich, Philadelphia, Pa.

CORPORAL.

Harwell, J. Fawcett, Chicago, Ill.

PRIVATE.

Williamson, George, New York City.

PRIVATE.

Anthony F. Endicott, Joliet, Ill.

PRIVATE.

LAWRENCE, W. V., 2000

CHICAGO FLYER DIES IN BATTLE; ANOTHER IN FALL

Lieut. A. A. McCormick
Jr. Gives Life on the
Fields of France.

Twenty-six Chicagoans were named in the official casualties yesterday, fourteen in the early list and twelve in the night list.

Several casualties not yet officially announced were reported by relatives to THE TRIBUNE, among them the death of Lieut. Alexander A. McCormick Jr., son of the Chicago alderman. He was a member of the United States naval aviation corps and was killed in action in France. Notification was received by Mr. McCormick yesterday.

"If it had not been for the fact that he died on the fighting line," he said, "in his last letter he expressed his joy and happiness in getting to the front."

Two Flights Across Alps.

Lieut. McCormick was 20 years old and one of the youngest types in the service. He was attending Yale when the United States entered the war. He immediately enlisted. Before going to France last July he was an instructor at Pensacola, Fla. He had made two record flights across the Alps from Italy to France. His parents live at 1812 Blackstone avenue.

Another unofficial casualty was that of Lieut. J. Lawrence McKeever II, killed while flying at Love field, Dallas, Tex. He was a son of R. T. McKeever, 112 Belden avenue, or Hornblower & Weeks brokers at 37 South La Salle street. He was instructing a young officer when the latter was in control of the plane. The student also was killed. Lieut. McKeever was a second cousin of Lieut. Ralph Pultizer, and was formerly with the New York World.

"Tribune" Man Injured.

Capt. Harry E. Sherwood, a former employee of the daily advertising department of THE TRIBUNE, has been injured according to a letter received from him yesterday. He did not state the nature of his injury or how it was received, apparently being under the impression that notification had already been received here.

"I am writing this letter with two of the fingers of my left hand," he wrote, "just to show you I am not in a serious condition. I will be in the hospital about six weeks."

Capt. Sherwood is with the Four Hundred and Sixteenth signal corps, railway battalion. He departed last March. His mother, Mrs. R. Sherwood, lives at 1530 Sunnyside avenue.

Killed on Somme.

Corporal Elmer L. Randolph, Company E, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth, was killed in action on the Somme Aug. 10. His parents were not notified yesterday. He was formed with American Radiator company and died at 7345 Clayton court. He enlisted April 19, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Martin, 6032 Blackstone avenue, were notified that their son, Private Kenneth P. Martin, Battery A, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Field artillery, had been missing in action since Aug. 12.

Private Walter R. Kendall, Company G, Twenty-sixth infantry, died from wounds, according to a war department telegram received yesterday. He was a brother, Sergt. C. D. Kendall, with Company D, Sixteenth infantry.

Private John Rutherford, headquarters company, One Hundred and Thirteenth infantry, was wounded severely. His wife was informed last night in a war department telegram. She lives at 4226 West Madison street.

In the official casualty list of last night two more members of Col. Joseph B. Sanborn's One Hundred and Thirty-first infantry were mentioned as wounded severely—Corporal James P. Foley of 819 West Forty-fifth place and Private Christopher C. Dunn of 5487 Kenwood avenue.

The names of all Chicagoans officially announced will be found in the lists.

672 Already Enrolled
Continuing Your Daily
TRAIN TO ENTER

CHRISTIAN
WORK through the
VENING CLASSES

of the
DY BIBLE INSTITUTE
W DEPARTURE. Beginning with
CLASSES. TRAINING, DIPLOMA, AS
CLASSES. Tuition free. Enroll
now.

It's Not Too Late to Start
NEW CATALOGUE—Superior
Institutes Place. Evening Class
is may
and room in The Institute.

That Pays

Art Institute of Chicago
ART SCHOOL

school prepares young women and
men for the world of work
in Drawing, Painting, Illustra-
tion, Designing, Lettering, Engraving,
and Painting, are features of the
graduates are holding the most
positions. Big demand from
and Teachers.

CHICAGO ART INSTITUTE
Michigan Ave. at Adams Street
Chicago, Illinois

MOSEY
NORTHERN
COLLEGE

high school and secondary
and stenographic courses, etc.
for men and women, thorough
and refined, and well equipped
and room in The Institute.

Conservatory
Music—Language

THE HERO ROLL

Two Chicago Aviators and an
Infantryman Who Gave Lives
for Nation

BURGLAR SWEARS HE SOLD BORDEN JEWELS TO QUINN

Prochowski Testifies for
State in Case Against
"Prince Arthur."

DW 11

How jewelry stolen from wealthy
Lake Shore drive families found its
way, via the underworld, into the
hands of "Prince Arthur" Quinn, son
of James A. "Hot Stove" Jimmy
Quinn, was testified to yesterday by
Adam Prochowski in Judge Robert E.
Crowe's court.

Prochowski also asserted he sold
Englehardt, in Quinn's presence, jew-
elry he had stolen from the homes of
George M. Reynolds, president of the
Continental and Commercial National
bank; John Borden, the explorer; and
David B. Jones.

"Early in January I came to Silver's
saloon to get \$550 Englehardt had
promised me for some jewelry," Pro-
chowski said. "That day I gave Quinn
the Reynolds watch and a coral pend-
ant. I asked him \$90 for them and he
said he thought he could get me my
money. He asked me if it was the
Reynolds watch and I told him it was."

Sent to Gary by Quinn.

Quinn then told me he had read of
the Englehardt robbery and had met
the state's attorney and put some
smart detectives on the case," he said.
"I would better leave town, and I made
arrangements to meet him next day
for my \$200."

"I did meet him and he gave me the
money. He then said he had arranged
to get me out of town, and that night
he sent me to Gary, Ind., in an auto-
mobile."

In Time of War Prepare for Peace

A lot of people are prophesying about conditions
after the war. Business is going to be either good or
bad?

One thing is certain—the manufacturer who suc-
ceeds after the war, come good times or bad, is
going to be the one who has the Good Will of the
people.

Good Will cannot be built in a day; nor can it be
held indefinitely without effort.

During times of war manufacturers may make new
friends, and may retain old friends by advertising.
After the war those manufacturers will be regarded
by the public as "old friends"—and "old friends" are
good friends.

Advertising space in the Butterick publications
is for sale by accredited advertising agents.

Butterick—Publisher

The Declarator
Everybody's Magazine

Hearst's

Watch for
the
LIBERTY BOND
Cover

Displayed
on
ALL PRINCIPAL
Newspapers

Buy a Bond!

Buy it intelligently! Buy it enthusiastically!

OF every \$100 you invest in Liberty
Bonds more than one-third—\$35—is
spent for you by one great institution—
U. S. Ordnance.

"When the history of 1917-18 is published"
writes Judge E. H. Gary, in Hearst's for
October, "we shall be amazed by the recital
of what Ordnance has done."

If you have been worried by tales of our
boys in France fighting without airplanes,
without cannon, without machine-guns;
tales of War Department failures, read—
"THE WORLD'S GREATEST BUSINESS—
U. S. ORDNANCE" and get the real story.

In it William Almon Wolff gives you facts
that will make you glad to put your money
in Liberty Bonds.

IF you don't wish to think well of your
Government you won't want Hearst's
this month or any other. But if you
really prefer to be patriotic—to buy
your Bonds gladly—don't fail to read
"The World's Greatest Business" in October

Hearst's MAGAZINE

The Nation's Food

Then there is Ameri-
korn Meal—for any
corn meal require-
ment, and better.

Ameri-korn Flour
comes in 5-lb bags;
the meal in 1½-lb.
cartons. A book of
recipes in every pack-
age. Order from your
dealer today.

Manufactured by
C. A. Krause Milling Co.,
Milwaukee, Wis.



Top to bottom, Lieut. Alexander A. McCormick Jr., Lieut. J. Lawrence McKeever II, and Corporal Elmer L. Randolph.

CHILD ACCIDENTALLY SCALDED
Vera Hause, 10 years old, of 496 Rococo
street was scalded severely yesterday when
her older sister, Isabella, accidentally spilled
a kettle of hot water over her.

Private Kenneth P. Martin, 6032 Blackstone avenue, was notified that their son, Private Kenneth P. Martin, Battery A, One Hundred and Forty-ninth Field artillery, had been missing in action since Aug. 12.

Private Walter R. Kendall, Company G, Twenty-sixth infantry, died from wounds, according to a war department telegram received yesterday. He was a brother, Sergt. C. D. Kendall, with Company D, Sixteenth infantry.

Private John Rutherford, headquarters company, One Hundred and Thirteenth infantry, was wounded severely. His wife was informed last night in a war department telegram. She lives at 4226 West Madison street.

In the official casualty list of last night two more members of Col. Joseph B. Sanborn's One Hundred and Thirty-first infantry were mentioned as wounded severely—Corporal James P. Foley of 819 West Forty-fifth place and Private Christopher C. Dunn of 5487 Kenwood avenue.

The names of all Chicagoans officially announced will be found in the lists.

Pay for a
LIBERTY
BOND
little by little

Ministers Back Wilson on Peace and Boost Loan

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

Ministers representing nine denominations and 600 churches, who met yesterday in a union session at the Y. M. C. A., 19 South La Salle street, took the following action:

Approved President Wilson's statement of principles, which, he said, are necessary to obtaining a lasting peace.

Pledged support of the fourth Liberty loan and approved of next Sunday as Liberty loan Sunday in the churches.

Promised united support of the combined drive for \$170,500,000 for the seven months of 1918, including the Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, and Salvation Army, in harmony with President Wilson's suggestion.

Commended Samuel Thrasher, superintendent of the Committee of Fifteen, on the anti-war work of the committee and approved his action in desisting to submit his evidence to the local authorities until after the federal investigation now in progress is completed.

Expressed gratification over the calling off of the race meet at Libertyville and petitioned for more stringent laws against gambling and the extorting of money from the mails, telegrams, or press.

Asked that action be taken by the city authorities to call the people to prayer for victory, for at least one minute at noon every day by the blowing of whistles and ringing of bells.

Listened with applause to the presentation of plans for the national prayer battalions presented by Miss Eva M. Ludgate, founder and organizer.

Tribune Cook Book

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

The Food in a Brazil Nut.

A Brazil nut contains more protein than most cuts of meat, three or four times as much fat, and a small per cent of carbohydrates. It is because it contains so little water and so much fat that a pound of Brazil nut meat yields 3,162 calories, or is almost enough for a soldier's daily ration determined on the most economical basis.

A pound of Brazil nuts in the shell yields enough edible meat to give 1,855 calories, and a pound of medium fat round steak yields only 895 calories. The two cost about the same per pound now, but we may find the Brazil nuts at considerable less per pound. As to protein, the main thing we eat round steak for, there is only 1 or 2 per cent more in the meat than in the nut.

Nuts are the poorest sort of food for most eating in the sense that the meager pictures of such food as men look as though they were on a wager as to which can swallow the biggest hunks of food in the least time. Only the digestion of a peacock, out of door living, energy, and to spare of youth, makes such eating possible. The result is that it ultimately does an incalculable harm to the body.

An eminent doctor, in discussing the fact that nut meat must be macerated, gets in a sly hint that it noted by men might prevent a certain sort of primatively sunken type of cheek. He says that maceration has "a value in strengthening the muscles of the face, and the adjoining muscles of the face, thus postponing the day, regarded by some as evil, when wrinkles appear." His wife tells how it strengthens the teeth and with especial reference to nuts he adds: "Besides affording one the enjoyment of retaining their sweet flavors longer in the mouth."

A fair portion of a Brazil nut salad and a good apple is enough lunch for sedentary workers, or let them eat nuts alone and then the apple. The condensed nut meats inspire thirst; the apple satisfies it. Brazil nut cut fine and mixed with equal quantities of crisp celery cut finer and served with a mayonnaise dressing are highly palatable.

THE SUCCESSFUL HOME GARDEN

BY J. F. H. HEIDE.
NO. 209.

When Ceres Smiles.

"Good harvests make men prodigal, bad ones provident." Already there have been two light night frosts in the immediate vicinity and it is high time that we looked to the fruits of our toil. Let us waste nothing. Whatever cannot be stored by the methods to be described hereafter should be canned or dried for winter use or otherwise used while yet there is time.

The following list includes only such items as require immediate attention.

BEANS—Whether green or wax pod, navy or lima, bush or pole, all still remaining should be harvested at once. If pod beans are already caught by frost they are soft and unfit. Lima beans are usually unaffected by the frost.

CAULIFLOWER—If cure is forming, even though not of head size, it up now. It will mature in fifteen to eighteen days and the inclosing leaves will protect the curd from transient drops in temperature. Their further treatment will be taken up in due time.

CHARD (SWISS)—Should be used now before freezing temperature is reached. More later.

CELERI—Complete the final killing up of the green or winter varieties now, leaving only the plumes to protect. The self-blanching are probably sufficiently advanced for present use. Further treatment later.

CORN (SWEET)—Whatever remains must be used now, before their stage of development, before freezing temperature.

CUCUMBERS—Harvest all now, whatever their size. The full grown can be stored in a cool, frost free, dry place, and may last several weeks. The immature must be used at once in salads or pickling.

EGGPLANT—Harvest all sizes now, they may be eaten in any stage of development. The mature may last several weeks.

ENDIVE—If the size warrants, tie up the plants for blanching the first dry, sunny day. Their further treatment will be taken up to due time.

LETTUCE—Both head and leaf lettuce must be used up quickly now before freezing temperature.

MUSKMELONS—Harvest all the full grown now. The ripe should be stored first, the others may be stored in a cool, frost free, dry place for several weeks. Those not full grown should be fed to the pigs and cows.

(Continued tomorrow.)

FASHION'S BLUE BOOK



Along Some Lines Annette Is Simply Perfect

"QUEEN OF THE SEA"
Produced by Fox.
Directed by John Adolf.
The cast:
Merilla.....Annette Kellermann
Prince Steve.....Hugh Thompson
Leandra.....Mildred Davis
King Neptune.....Walker Lewis

By Mac Thine.

Aside from beautiful timing and the undoubted aquatic prowess of Annette Kellermann, I'm afraid I shall have to agree with the United States Civil Service board.

There was a time when under water pictures were regarded as more or less of a phenomenon. Then they held our interest. Now, however, we have become so accustomed to watching the octopus and the jellyfish and anybody who can swim in their favorite haunts that the performance of Miss Kellermann and her attendant mermaids, while more or less spectacular, win from us but a wan hand. The story is a fairy concoction from the pen of George Bronson Howard, who needn't feel proud.

But let's just sum it up and quit knocking. "Queen of the Sea" is an impossible fairy tale, written with the sole intent of displaying Miss Kellermann's swimming, and among certain lines there are none more shapeless or talented than Annette.

Bright Sayings of the Children

"Le Chevalier" and "Le Cadeau de Noël." Camille Erlanger's "Aphrodite," Marguerite's "The Maskers," Hélène's "The Jewess" and Verd's "Don Carlos."

Revivals will be, Campanini says, of "Cleopatra," "Don Quichotte," "La Navarraise," "Werther," "Samson and Delilah," "William Tell," "Otello," "Fédora," "L'Africaine," "Hamlet," "Norma," "Linda di Chamounix," and Crispino e la Comare."

The star-casting of most of these works has recently been indicated in THIS TRIBUNE.

Roman Rolland says that music of women's war organizations in the city met at the Hotel La Salle yesterday to discuss plans for "Women's War Work Day," set for Oct. 5 by the Liberty loan organization at the request of Secretary McCaughan.

Mrs. Howard T. Wilson, state chairman of the women's war work.

The above frock of navy blue jersey makes use of gray angora cloth as the sole trimming. Were it not for the long coat of this material this little dress might be a bit too trying for the average woman, for the frayed skirt and the more frugal sleeves overcome the most rigorous of wartime dictates.

Always in Debt Has Made Her a Slacker

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

She's always in debt, and the bills she lets accumulate are ominous, to put it mildly. She earns \$20 a week and spends \$40. At the end of the month, long past all paying time, she's worrying about what she can crowd over to next month's bill by making some kind of a payment onto this. The result is she never catches up with herself.

Phillip lives near the car line and is familiar with both limited, fast, and local lines. A short while ago he spent a week visiting at his grandfather's farm. His interest was centered especially on the horses. One day his grandfather took him to town, taking Dolly, the farm driving horse. The conversation drifted to horses, and suddenly, as a bright idea popped into his head, Phillip observed to his grandfather, "All your horses are local except Dolly, and she's limited."

J. O. B.

Jerry was at the movies. A picture of our soldier boys was flashed on the screen, and these words explaining the picture: "Marching to Berlin, and they will never turn back." The audience applauded and Jerry exclaimed loud and clear, "You bet they won't turn back, and my daddy is with them, too."

Mrs. L. S.

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Mrs. L. S.

CHILD GETS SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

Look at tongue! Then give fruit laxative for stomach, liver, bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm children and they love it.

Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign the little stomach, liver and bowels need a change once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach diarrhea remember a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills: give a tea-spoonful and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system and you have a well and playful child again.

All children love this harmless, delicious fruit laxative, and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs" then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."—Advertisement.

Ask Women to Quit Going to Matinees

Women who give the charm of the matinees as a reason for refusing to do their work, or having no sympathy for their sisters in the women's clubs of Mrs. Sophie Delavan, president of the Woman's Association of Cleveland, can bring it about.

"We can't be rough with them," said Mrs. Delavan, who talked at the association dinner at the Morrison hotel last night, "but we mustn't put up with them." The department of labor has called upon all men and women of our country to give all we have of them sums amounting to a total of \$900.

E. J.

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Daughters of British Empire.

Lady Aberdeen chapter of the Daughters of the British Empire will meet this afternoon in the War Shop, 1202 Stevens building.

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SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS.
SPORTING, MARKETS,
WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

Bulgaria's Surrender
Offers You a Chance to Help
Hasten the End of the War by
Buying More Liberty Bonds.

* 17

MAJOR DODGES BIG VICE CONFAB; STIRS UP WRATH

Army Chief Calls It Off;
Sends Hot Report to
Washington.

Max Heidelmeier
Born 1845. Died Sept. 20, 1918.



'BURGOMASTER' HEIDELMEIER IS DEAD, AGED 73

'Mox,' Unique Character,
Was on City Police
Force 41 Years.

BY JOHN KELLEY.
(*Chicago Tribune* Police Reporter.)

Max Heidelmeier, former Lieutenant of police, died last night at the Alexius Brothers' hospital. Owing to a complication of ailments, his health began to fail more than a year ago, but he was able to be up and around until his recent removal to the hospital.

In the passing of "Mox," as he invariably spoke of himself, tapping his chest to give emphasis to his words, the city loses a unique personality, whose memory will be kept green so long as a friend of his lives to tell anecdotes of him. He was the most picturesque character ever connected with the police department, and more stories have been printed about him than any other man who ever wore the blue in Chicago.

Forty-One Years on Force.

Born in Bavaria seventy-three years ago, "Mox" emigrated to America in 1867 and settled in Chicago two years later. He was a tinsmith. In 1874 he was appointed to the police force and served forty-one years. He was retired on a pension three years ago.

After twenty years of service he was put in at the Hudson Avenue station, of which district he was known as the "Burgomaster."

"Mox" had a way of his own of doing police business. All "clothes line" cases he settled himself, and it is estimated that he saved the city more than \$100,000—about double his salary for forty-one years—in acting as a judge and jury.

You Know Schults—August Schults

—He works for a brewery?—he would say to one of his men. "Go over and bring him to the station. Tell him 'Mox' Heidelmeier wants to see him."

How He Settled Cases.

Mr. Schults would be in the Lieutenant's office, drying his eyes after telling the "burgomaster" that his spouse was neglecting her and the children. Schults would be ushered in.

Sgt. Kapse, whose Chicago residence is 1502 South Avery Avenue, of which district from the Crane Technical High School.

The issue of Sept. 27, in telling of the death in France on Aug. 9 of Charles Francis, bugler, Company B, One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry, said that official notice had been sent to his parents at 516 East Sixty-first street.

Bugler Francis was an orphan. The notice was sent to his sister, Mrs. Louise Hay, at that address. She was his next of kin.

His Evening Instructions.

But it was at evening roll call that "Mox" shone in all his resplendent glory. He always wore a white vest with brass buttons, and a ponderous watch chain decorated the waistcoat. Precisely at 6:45 p. m. he would give the order to "Men, fall in." Standing before them, under a light, he would adjust his glasses preparatory to reading the "message" book something after this fashion:

"Say, you big, good for nothing Dutchman," Heidelmeier would say, "what in hell do you mean by spending all your time out and your wife staying at home? You know me, and if you don't straighten up I'll send you to the handhouse. You know me, and I always do what I said."

So Vital to Chicago.

In the nature of the case, there was nothing left except to adjourn the meeting. It is much easier for me to explain to Washington why it was done than to the members of his office all morning. Mr. Clabaugh's sudden departure from the city was not communicated either to Mr. Fleming, who courteously managed the arrangements for the war department, or to me.

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EAST VS. WEST WHEN GREAT LAKES MEETS PIT SATURDAY

STARS OF GAME IN TEST BATTLE AT SMOKY CITY

Sailors Prepare Defense
for Vicious Attack of
Warner's Team.

BY WALTER ECKERSALL.

Although recent rulings of the war department have caused football games between eastern and western universities with army students training corps units to be canceled, an inter-sectional game will be played on Saturday between Great Lakes and University of Pittsburgh in the smoky city which should be one of the hardest fought of the season.

Indications point to Great Lakes being the strongest team in the west this year and the same may be said of Pittsburgh in the east. Both teams have reached high points of efficiency, considering the short periods of practice and neither team will leave anything undone to bring about victory.

Both use Driving Tactics.

Both teams will employ hard driving tactics and each will have a varied assortment of forward pass plays. The coaches have the players added to these methods and some of the best checking and blocking ever seen at this time of the year should result.

Olcott and Warner, coaches of Great Lakes and Pittsburgh respectively, are sticklers for blocking tactics and they teach the players to hit opponents so hard as to put them out of the game.

Great Lakes' line is strong. The forward wall is composed of heavy active players who know every angle of line play. In Paddy Driscoll, the former Northwestern university player, the team will be fortified with a good punter and field goal kicker, while McClelland, a former West Virginia player, handles the team well while playing quarterback.

Kees, former Notre Dame lineman, is captain of this year's aggregation and needs little introduction to the football world. He is one of the most active big men in the squad and can be relied upon to hold his position at right guard without much worry on the part of the coaches.

Heavy Guards Well Known.

The other guard position will be taken care of by Jones, also a former Notre Dame player of known ability. Kees and Jones form an ideal pair of guards. Each weighs over 200 pounds and remind one of the days of the old mass plays and flying wedge when weight more than speed and agility was the principal asset of football candidates.

Coach Olcott has placed Conrad of Kalamazoo, Mich., who has played a lot of football with local teams, between the giant guards. Conrad is a fairly good center. He passes the ball well, but not fast enough. He is a good defensive player, who sizes up opponents' plays quickly and moves to the point of attack quicker than most centers.

Bachman, Player of Experience.

Bachman, former Notre Dame tackle, who was considered one of the best forwards ever developed in western colleges, is playing right tackle. He is a strong defensive player and seldom fails to open holes for the backs. He covers punts with the speed of the ends and made frequent tackles on such plays in the Iowa game.

Leingenstein of Freeport High school is playing the other right end and shows an aptitude for the position. With Capt. Keefe playing alongside, the Great Lakes line may well be said to be as strong as any developed in the west in recent years.

Collegians for Ends.

Hansen, former University of Illinois player, is holding down right end to the satisfaction of the coaches. He is on the receiving end of a number of the Lakes' forward passes and generally manages to catch the ball if it is thrown anywhere near him. Minton of Indiana, who was considered one of the best ends in the conference last year, is playing the other wing position.

McClelland of West Virginia handles the team from the quarterback position Saturday. This player handles the ball well and feeds it to the backs quickly and surely. He is a good all around man. Counsilman, who would be playing regularly, is out of the game with a broken collarbone. Foley, another quarterback, played with a college team in Blackshire, Ill.

Stars for Back Positions.

Mendall of Iowa, Driscoll of Northwestern, Eielson of Northwestern, Erickson, St. Olaf's college, Minn., and Deacon of Indiana are a formidable quintet of halfbacks who need no introduction to the football world. It is sufficient to say there is little about the play of their positions they do not know.

William of Ohio State is playing fullback. He fits into the play with the other halfbacks in admirable fashion and is a strong interferer, especially in cross drives.

PROTEST SUNDAY FOOTBALL GAMES

Boston, Mass., Sept. 20.—[Special.]—Vigorous protest against Sunday football playing by college students preparing for office, commissioners to be made to day by Dr. Martin D. Knobell, secretary of the Lord's Day League of New England.

"Sunday is devoted to cultivation of higher morals. We take the same stand as we took last year when the Sunday baseball law was passed," he said.

There is great menace in this innovation. If started now they will continue after the war. Such action is in line with godless secularization of the continental and German Sundays. We hope the law on Sunday automobilists will be passed after the war—automobiles for necessity, but not for joy riding."

In the Wake of the News By RING W. LARDNER

THE OUTCASTS.

"There was one New York critic, for example, who lamented because, in taking a Long Island house party as the setting for 'Upstairs and Down,' we had—according to him—chosen a cross section of life with which we were not familiar. The critic in question happened to have been a baseball reporter before he became a dramatic reviewer, so possibly his own experience of Long Island house parties had been limited."—The Hattons)

CHARACTERS.

Brown, a New York baseball reporter.

Mrs. Brown, his wife.

Six or Seven Brownies.

*

Scene—The Browns' one room apartment on the lower east side of New York. The walls are dirty and bare, save in a few places where fragments of cheap wall-paper still hang. Near the wall at left, a one-burner gas plate, a few kitchen utensils, a battered dinner pail, a rickety kitchen table and two broken chairs. In the center at the rear, a door. Near it, an old stand on which are a cracked wash-basin and a pitcher. A torn-out matress is in the corner near the front. Brown is snoring loudly. To the right, six or seven babies are lying on the floor, half-quarreling over possession of the bed-clothing, a frayed overcoat. Mrs. Brown, in rags, is lighting the gas burner.

Mrs. Brown (roars over near the matress)—Brown, I'll wash when I need water. What is there to eat? A old banana. I pose.

Mrs. Brown—No, I've stewed a prune for you.

Brown—One prune? Where's that other one?

Mrs. Brown—I'm savorin' it for the child.

Brown—A whole prune for them? How many is there, for the Lor's sake?

Mrs. Brown—The was six last night. I ain't counted since then.

Brown—(Sits in one of the broken chairs and guips down the prune. Gets up and starts toward the door at the rear.)

Mrs. Brown (holding out the dinner pail)—Here's your dinner: A soda cracker.

Brown (turns and grabs the pail)—I wonder where I left that butts. Well, I can't wait all day to look for it. That's a double-header in Brooklyn today and it's a long walk.

Mrs. Brown (excitedly)—In Brooklyn! Oh, Brown, take me with you once!

Brown—Have you went nuts? What about the kids?

Mrs. Brown—I don't care! I must go to Brooklyn! O, just think! Long Island! I might see some of the dramatic critics and playwrights on their way to Coney! O, take me with you! (Grabs his arm.)

Brown—(Frees himself) Let me go, do you!

Mrs. Brown—(Throws her arms around his knees) Not alone! I'll go to Brooklyn or I'll go to he—!!

Brown—(Draws his scoring pencil and stabs her to the heart) Well, you won't go to Brooklyn.

Mrs. Brown—But you said you was going to get on the police force, said you was

going to be a good boy!

Mrs. Brown—(Hysterically)—House! House! Call, call, it's the house we got! ain't it? Half rags! And you know what I was when you married me. (Sits on edge of matress. He is dressed in ragged red underwear and yellowish socks.)

Mrs. Brown—Yes, but you promised you'd quit reportin' baseball.

Brown—Uh-huh, and then we'd be like some o' the other ex-baseball writers—Granville Rice and Irving Koop—probly sleepin' in the streets.

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MORE REPORTS SHOW GAINS IN RAIL EARNINGS

Peace News Shows All
Stocks Will Not Ben-
efit by Truce.

Reports of a number of railroads made yesterday giving their earnings for August showed a continuation of the favorable upward turn which began in July.

Among the eastern lines the New York Central improved 44 per cent in gross and 20 per cent in operating income.

The Pennsylvania figures showed a good gain in gross, but a decrease in net. The Baltimore and Ohio made a specially good showing with an increase of 45 per cent in gross and 25 per cent in net. These figures appear to support the contention of the management of the property that the government contract does not make a sufficient large award of earnings, since the benefits of improvements were not realized in the three year period ended June 30, 1917.

Western Roads' Figures.

Among the western lines Union Pacific gained 42 per cent in gross and 70 per cent in net. This property is being consistently the showing of moving and labor throughout developing conditions due to the increase in freight rates and passenger fares. The Chicago and North Western had a considerable gain in gross, 35 per cent, though the operating income was 20 per cent in 24 per cent in net.

The Wahash reported a gain of 48 per cent in gross and 29 per cent in net.

The average exhibit for all the lines making reports was highly favorable.

The gains are to be credited to the full benefit of the increases in passenger and freight rates. While these took effect the latter part of June, there was a deduction from that month's earnings and the remainder of the accumulated unpaid wage increases.

Peace Affects Market.

That peace would not at this time mean a fall in securities appeared to be demonstrated by the course of the market yesterday. There are still some who consider it as being caused by the war. Shortly after the opening of the market and on the announcement that Bulgaria had quit its allies, United States Steel, Bethlehem Steel, Crucible Steel, Baldwin Locomotive, and Republic Iron and Steel declared marked weakness.

The motor stocks and the oil shares moved in an opposite course. It is not difficult to figure the reasoning of the market. When the war ends there will be cancellation of war orders of the steel and other companies mentioned. A continuation of the conflict another year, however, would mean a continuation of the declines suffered yesterday, while a peace, though not to be considered a definite end of the market opinion. At one time Steel had recovered to the close of Saturday, Bethlehem Steel, however, continued off a point.

RAILROAD EARNINGS

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks
GENERAL OFFICE MAN,
experienced in accounting and book-
keeping; good education; age 48; married;
good health and prove worth. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 23, EX-
-PRESIDENT, with clerical position with some
experience; has had some business experience
in printing business; will furnish best
reference. Address: NIEL HUMMER, 1120
Francisco-av.

TRAFFIC MAN,
Capable; exempt; man of character and
qualification; desires situation in traffic de-
partment; attention requested. Address:
L 200, Tribune.

CASHIER AND PAYMASTER,
55 yrs. old, married; class 4; 6 yrs. ex-
perience; capable man; thoroughly exper-
tised on pay roll, disbursement, etc. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER, YOUNG
man, 23, class S, can take charge of
bookkeeping, good penman, good
mathematical, good ledger; good
experience in general business. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HERE IS YOUR
OPPORTUNITY—MAN, 35 yrs. old, married;
good col. w. draft exempt (561), wants pos-
tions as bookkeeper, good penman, good
mathematical, good ledger; good
experience in general business. Addres-
s: Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER OR ACCOUNTANT,
Bookkeeper or Accountant;
man, exempt; 10 years' thorough ex-
perience. All references also good if desired. Address: N 508, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GOVERNMENT GEN-
ERAL, age 36, class 4; 16 yrs. thor-
ough experience; desire to connect with ex-
-patriot government. Address: N 518, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 24, YRS.
EXPERIENCE; desire to connect with ex-
-patriot government. Address: N 518, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GENERAL BOOKKEEPER,
man, 24, 10 yrs. experience; good
mathematical; 10 yrs. business exp. Addres-
s: Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER,
Thoroughly exp.; quick, accurate, up to
date; take charge. Address: N 57, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 31, EXEMPT, EX-
-PRESIDENT, bookkeeper; good penman;
good ledger; good mathematical. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 24, YRS.
EXPERIENCE; desire to connect with ex-
-patriot government. Address: N 518, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ACCOUNTING, SMALL
sets opened, kept up to 9 p. m. modern
methods. Addres: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXP. CORRESP. STENO,
good office, sales dept., as corre-
spondent; good penman; good ledger. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY EXP. BOOK-
KEEPER, of middle age; All qualifications
and experience; good ledger. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ABLE MATHEMATI-
CAL, good office experience; wants work
as bookkeeper. Addres: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER, 33 yrs.
old, good. HOLMAN, 1131 S. Fran-
cisco-av.

SITUATION WTD—LIV. ENERGETIC MAN,
good example, experienced correspondence,
good penman; good ledger. Addres: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—12 yrs. MFG. MFG.
complete set; loop did. Address: N 508, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER, OR AC-
OUNTANT; married; age 41; 20 years' ex-
perience; good ledger; good penman; good
mathematical; good office experience. Addres-
s: Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—D. E. BAKER, RAPID-
S-2042; 16 wks. Address: N 300, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EX. BOOKKEEPER, ALSO
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EMPLOYMENT, No. 80-1090.WANTED—FEMALE
EMPLOYMENT, No. 80-1100.WANTED—FEMALE
EMPLOYMENT, No. 80-1110.WANTED—FEMALE
EMPLOYMENT, No. 80-1120.WANTED—FEMALE
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EMPLOYMENT, No. 80-1200.WANTED—FEMALE
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EMPLOYMENT,

Do Christmas Shopping Now—

The Government specifically requests this so that man-power may be conserved now, and so that transportation will not be congested later on.



The Newer Winter Modes for Women Are Presented in Apparel Displays of Importance

Assortments of the new season's fashions in completeness are submitted to those of most critical taste with a happy assurance of their approval.

For these modes not only affirm the vogue of certain styles, but interpret the most favored fashion features in charmingly distinctive ways.

Women's Suits—

Tailored or More Elaborate

The new softly woven cloths favored this season and in the rich autumnal tones fashion these suits into modes restricted only in variety by the creations of fashion itself. The larger sizes, "40½" to "50½" are also included. \$52.50 to \$145.

At \$60—Suits of wool velour, in taupe, green, blue and Burgundy. Note the corded stitching at the side. Pictured second at the top in the panel.

At \$77.50—Broadcloth suits with bandings of Hudson seal (dyed muskrat) to be had in navy blue, black, brown. Pictured first at the top in the panel.

Women's Coats—

With Many Unusual Details

From \$55 to \$175 are most inclusive collections of fine winter coats developed in wool velours, Bolivia cloths, silvertone, duvetyn and pompom cloths with or without fur.

At \$75—Coats of duvetyn and Bolivia cloth of a remarkably fine quality which emphasizes the value. In the style third at the top. In navy blue, green and Burgundy.

At \$97.50—Coats of silvertone with a deep collar of Hudson seal (dyed muskrat). In purple, brown, taupe, black. Pictured fourth from top in the panel.

Women's Frocks—

Those of Wool Specially Featured

These are the frocks women want for immediate wear—fashions expressly designed for street wear these fine fall days. And among the moderately priced there is most exceptional choice. Note the prices, \$37.50 to \$75.

At \$40—Wool jersey frock rather in Russian blouse lines, embroidered in braid. Gray, green, taupe, blue. Pictured in the panel at the bottom at the left.

At \$55—Wool velour frocks in Algerian red, navy blue and reindeer, exquisitely tailored in simple lines. Pictured in the panel at the bottom at the right.

Fourth Floor, North.

Silks, Velvets, Dress Fabrics of Wool

Every New Weave the Season Has Brought

The complete assortments in presentation here markedly emphasize the splendid position these sections occupy in the matter of materials.

The superior character and quality, the beauty and richness of these fall fabrics easily establish them as the best of the new silks.

Concerning the Silks—

Printed Radium Silks, \$2.50, \$2.85 Yd. In most attractive designs, to be had exclusively here. The 40-inch width.

Velvets, \$2.50 Yard

Wanted especially for fall frocks and in the desired colorings. 40 inches wide.

Cachemire de Soie, \$4 Yard

An all-silk satin dress fabric high in favor this season. In the 40-inch width.

Crepe de Chine—40 inches wide—of a soft, beautiful texture, in a splendid range of colors is priced at \$2.75 yard.

Tricotette and tricotine silks—36 inches wide—woven of pure silk and fiber silk combined. All the desired colorings. \$7.50 yard.

Black silk, including satin, feutre, duvetyn, satin, and heavy all-silk pebble back dress satins—at \$5 the yard.

Among the Velvets—

Genuine hollow-cut corduroy, 44-inch width, priced at \$3.50 yard.

Velout du Nord in a rich black, 39 inches wide, priced \$7.50 yard.

Colored silk chiffon velvets, in the leading shades, 40 inches, priced \$6.50 and \$7.50 yard.

Wool Fabrics High in Favor—

Wool Novelty Suitings, \$4.50 Yard

Ribbon cross-bars in contrasting colors are woven on ground tones of plum, gray, brown. 48 inches wide.

Fine French Seringes, \$4 Yard

In all the colors fashionable for street wear, as well as black. All sponged and shrunk. 54 inches wide.

Second Floor, North.

A Special Featuring of Rugs

Two assortments offer an excellent opportunity to make selections at a price saving:

Lot No. 1—

Worsted Velvet Rugs, 9x12 ft. size, \$54.

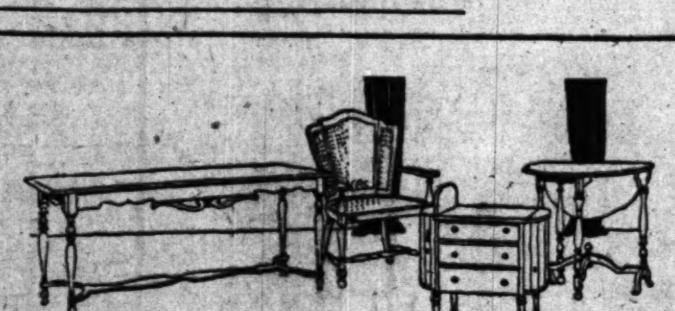
New designs in soft colors are offered in the worsted velvet rugs, finished with linen fringe, in the 9 x 12 ft. size at \$54, and the 6½ x 10½ ft. size, priced at \$45.

Lot No. 2—

Axminster Rugs, 9x12 ft. size, \$48.75.

These high pile Axminster rugs come in a good assortment of designs and colors, adaptable to any room in the house, in the 9 x 12 ft. size at \$48.75, and in the 6½ x 10½ ft. size, priced at \$35.

Seventh Floor, North.



Furniture—

Four especially featured items on the furniture floor should be of interest to home planners.

Library Sofa Tables at \$22.50

They are pictured above and come in a dull mahogany finish. The top measures 20 x 60 inches.

Solid Mahogany Chairs at \$14.50

These are pictured above and there are rockers to match in a wing design with cane seat and back.

Martha Washington Work Tables, \$15 Each

In dull mahogany finish in the style pictured above. They have upper drawer fitted with tray accessories.

Gate Leg Tables, Pictured Above, \$15 Each

They come in a dull mahogany finish and are of excellent construction. The top measures 28 x 38 inches.

Sixth Floor, North.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Do Christmas Shopping Now—

Stocks throughout the store provide ample opportunity for satisfactory selections, especially if you choose serviceable gifts as every one should this year.

Think! How Many Bonds Can You Buy Right Now?



The proposition is squarely up to Chicago and that means up to you individually—to buy bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan to the full amount of your surplus income or surplus earnings.

Chicago's quota figure far exceeds the quota provided for Chicago in any of the former loans, and for one good reason—the United States of America knows that Chicago can and will go over the top with flying colors, no matter how big the task.

And it is desirable that every one should subscribe in the early days of the drive, so that those patriots who are volunteering their services in taking subscriptions will have more work than they can do during the last few days.

Liberty Loan Subscription Booth under the auspices of the Women's Organization of the Chicago Liberty Loan Committee on the first floor.

French Room Millinery An Exposition of Modes Newly Created

The demands of every phase of Autumn's wardrobe were the inspiration in the designing of these hats.

Each reflects not only a new mode, but that elusive art of imparting to a most successful fashion an air far out of the usual.

To Be Chosen Interestingly Priced at \$18.50 to \$25

Pricings shrewdly moderate distinguish these hats. Their variety encompasses hats for street wear, both strictly tailored and less severe, and hats for dress occasions.

Ostrich feathers, fur and ribbon cleverly used are garnitures especially noted.

Fifth Floor, South.



Babies' New Winter Coats

At \$10.75, \$12.75 and \$16.50

Economies of the highest order are at every mother's command in these infants' wear sections.

For here are new coats in complete assortments, all at the least pricing commensurate with real value.

At \$10.75 Are Tailored Corduroy Coats

At \$12.75 the Smartest Chinchilla Cloth Coats

The corduroy coat (sketched at center) has a deep enveloping collar and pockets large enough to delight any wee tot.

The chinchilla cloth coat (sketched at right) for all little lads and lassies 1 to 6 years—the cunningest of top-coat styles. For small boys a style with brass buttons and sleeve insignia.

At \$16.50 Coats of Velveteen With Fabric Beaver

The fabric beaver has all the soft, delightful appearance of the fur. It bands the collar and cuffs of the coat at the left.

Third Floor, North.

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Third Floor, North.

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